Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

VOL. XXXII BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING. DECEMBER 5, 1901. NO. 47.

PRESIDENT TO CONGRESS.

Senators and Representatives Gave Message the Closest Attention.

HOUSE BECAME DEMONSTRATIVE

Utterances on Trusts Gravely Listened to and Applause Greeted Recommendation to Re-enact Chinese Exclusion Law.

THE DEATH OF PRESIDENT M'KINLEY

WASHINGTON, December 4.—The senate listened to the first message of President Roosevelt yesterday and adopted a resolution directing the appointment of a committee to co-operate with a like committee from the house to consider by what token of respect and affection congress might express the sorrow of the nation upon the tragic death of the late President McKinley. The message was delivered soon after the senate met. The reading occupied nearly two and a half hours and was listened to with marked respect by the senators. The first portion, dealing with the Buffalo tragedy, excited the most profound interest in the senate.

The reading of the message consumed two hours and fifteen minutes, and when it had been completed Mr. Foraker, senior senator from Ohio, was recognized to offer the following resolution, for which he asked immediate consideration:

"That a committee of eleven senators be appointed on the part of the senate to join such committee as shall be appointed on the part of the house, to consider and report by what token of respect and affection it may be proper for the congress of the United States to express the deep sensibility of the nation to the tragic death of the late President William McKinley, and that so much of the message of the president as relates to that deplorable event be referred to such committee."

The resolution was adopted, and then as a further mark of respect to the memory of the late president, the senate, on motion of Mr. Foraker, at 2:28 adjourned.

Not in many years have the members of the house listened with such attention to the annual message of the president of the United States as they did yesterday to the reading of the first message of President Roosevelt. Every word was followed intently from the announcement of the tragic death of President McKinley in the opening sentence to the expression of the closing wish that our relations with the world would continue peaceful. The reading occupied two hours, but not over a dozen members left their seats until it was concluded. Several times there was applause and at the conclusion there was an enthusiastic demonstration on the republican side.

There was a murmur of applause when in concluding the recommendation for legislation to put down anarchy the clerk read, "No matter calls more urgently for the wisest thought of congress."

The murmurs when this sentence was read were followed by a burst of applause when the clerk read: "The American people are slow to wrath, but when their wrath is once kindled it burns like a consuming flame." Probably no other portion of the message attracted so much attention as that relating to trusts. No demonstration was evoked by the reading of this portion of the message, but the recommendation for the re-enactment of the Chinese exclusion law drew applause from both sides of the house.

There were no further demonstrations throughout the reading of the remainder of the message, but at the conclusion of the reading there was a generous burst of applause from the republican side. The reading was concluded at 2:25. Mr. Payne then moved that the message except that portion relating to the death of the late President McKinley, be printed and referred to the committee of the whole on the state of the union.

The Institute Lectures.

The price of tickets for the evening entertainments to be given during the County Institute are as follows: For the Course, $1.00. Single admission Tuesday evening 25 cents; single admission Wednesday and Thursday evenings, 50 cents; 25 cents will buy a reserved seat for the entire course of entertainments. Reserved seats cannot be secured before Monday, December 9, thus giving to teachers and others the same privilege.

—Mrs. J. J. Glantz, who lived south of Logan ton in Sugar Valley, died Sunday of a complication of diseases, aged about 40 years. She is survived by her husband and four children.

May Lay Claim to $100,000,000.

TYRONE, Dec. 4.—On December 14 a meeting is to be held here of the descendants of Henry Pool, who lived in Philadelphia during the American Revolution. The object of the meeting is to consider the claims of the Pool family against the United States Government and decide whether it will be the better policy for them to contest for what they consider to be their rights.

Henry Pool, whose descendants now number over fifty, was a Frenchman who cast his lot with the American colonists at the time of the Revolution. During the gloomy Winter of 1777-78 when Washington and his army were at Valley Forge, he furnished supplies to the troops, accepting in payment bonds issued by the Continental Congress, payable whenever the struggling States would be able to pay them. He was also given some land in Germantown.

After the close of the Revolutionary War, Pool left Philadelphia and went to Centre County, but later removed to Huntingdon County. He remained there until the close of his life, being drowned at the mouth of Spruce Creek at the age of over 100 years.

From one hand to another the bonds and the deeds for the property were passed, and finally they came into the possession of an aged woman in Centre County, one of Henry Pool's descendants, who kept them in a box together with other papers and valuables. Some years ago a large part of her house and goods, together with these documents, were destroyed by fire.

The heirs are, however, making a close investigation of the case. They insist that this claim, which they inherit, is worth $100,000,000, and at the meeting to be held in Tyrone this month it will be decided whether it shall be prosecuted or whether it shall be permitted to lapse forever.

Gov. Bob Taylor of Tennessee to Lecture in Bellefonte.

On Thursday evening December 12, during the Institute, Gov. Bob Taylor, of Tennessee, will deliver in the Court house his famous lecture entitled "The Old Plantation." He will be assisted by a superb male quartette.

Many people confound Gov. Bob Taylor with the Gov. Taylor, of Kentucky, who is charged with being implicated in the killing of Gobel. This is a mistake as Gov. Bob Taylor is a Tennessee man and no relation of the Kentucky Governor.

In speaking of his lecture the Memphis *Scimitar* says:

"A flash of imagery, a burst of eloquence, and a wealth of glittering thoughts scattered like fireflies over a clover field—that is Bob Taylor's lecture. A song borne in the wings of some dear old melody, a joke rippling from a fountain of humor, a subtle note of pathos awakening tender, sacred memories—that is Bob Taylor's lecture. Words painted in all the colors of fancy and put together with all the skill of faultless diction, the lights of innocent childhood, and the shadows of somber age developed on the background of common experience—that is Bob Taylor's lecture. A radiant smile penetrating the gloom of despondency, a ray of hope arched in every man's horizon, a fragrant flower to brighten and to cheer—that is Bob Taylor's lecture."

Masquerade Ball a Decided Success.

The masquerade ball given in the Armory on Tuesday evening by Miss Patty Lane, was very largely attended and by all reports everybody seemed to have had a splendid time. Perhaps the most interesting features of the evening were the cake walk and grand march, taken part in by those who were masked. It was left to five judges to decide who were the best characters in the grand march and those who were best in the cake walk. Miss Ottilie Hughes carried off the ladies' prize, she appearing as a fairy of the night, and Mr. Guy McEntire won the gentlemen's prize, he representing a Mexican. Master Irvin, son of Mr. Ed Irvin and Miss Creacia Williams won the cake. The music was furnished by Miss Daisy Smith, Messrs. Deitrick, Flack and Graham.

Married a Baltimore Lady.

Jacob Meisel, assistant cashier in the Renovo National bank, and Miss Louisa M. Coleman, of Baltimore, were married in the latter city Thanksgiving day. The groomsman was George Meisel, brother of the groom, and the bridesmaid was Miss Kathryn Jones, of Renovo. The newly married couple will reside in Renovo.

—Burglars entered the rectory of the Roman Catholic church, in Milton, at an early hour Sunday morning, and after overpowering Rev. Father Thompson, forced him to accompany them while they ransacked the house.

CONGRESS CONVENES!

At the Hour of Noon Both Branches Were Called to Order.

FLORAL OFFERINGS WERE MANY

In the Senate Several New Members Were Sworn in—In the House the Main Attraction Was the Drawing for Seats.

BOTH BODIES ADJOURN TILL TUESDAY

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—A profusion of floral offerings, quite unusual in quantity, in variety and in beauty Monday transformed the senate chamber into a veritable flower show.

An hour before noon both the public and private galleries were thronged with spectators, every available inch of standing room being occupied.

Senators assembled slowly but by noon practically every senator in the city had appeared in the chamber. Many of them made no attempt to reach their seats on account of the wealth of floral offerings which fairly filled the desks and aisles.

Precisely at 12 o'clock Mr. Frye, of Maine, president pro tem. of the senate, rapped for order.

The blind chaplain of the senate, Rev. William Milburn, then delivered the invocation.

Credentials were presented of Charles H. Dietrich and Joseph H. Millard, of Nebraska; Alfred B. Kittridge, of South Dakota, and Paris Gibson, of Montana. Mr. Frye administered to them the oath of office.

A resolution was adopted that the house be notified that the senate was ready to proceed to business, and Mr. Hale (Maine), and Mr. Morgan were named as a committee to join a similar committee of the house to inform the president that congress was in session and prepared to receive any message he might desire to submit.

Recesses were taken until 2 o'clock, but no report of the organization of the house having been received at the time, Mr. Gamble, of South Dakota, formally announced the death of Senator Kyle, of that state, on the 1st of last July. He offered the usual resolution expressive of the sorrow of the senate and after its adoption, the senate as an additional mark of respect adjourned until today.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE HOUSE.

The opening day of the first session of the Fifth-seventh congress in the house of representatives furnished a spectacle that delighted the crowded galleries. The machinery of the house is cumbrous and is set in motion by a laborious process, but the spectators evidently did not consider it tedious as they clung to their places through the entire proceedings, which lasted four and one-half hours probably half the time being consumed in the monotonous calling of the rolls. The organization of the house was accomplished according to time-honored precedents.

Speaker Henderson was sworn in by General Bingham, of Pennsylvania, the "father of the house," and after delivering a very graceful speech in recognition to the honor bestowed upon him he in turn administered the oath to the members elect.

The usual committees were appointed to inform the president and the senate that the house was organized and ready to do business, a committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Payne, Bingham and Richardson, was appointed to join a similiar committee of the senate and wait upon the president and inform him that congress was ready to receive any communications he might have to make, the rules of the last house were adopted after a slight jar and then the biennial seat drawing occurred. The latter ceremony was robbed of much of its interest by the fact that under the new arrangement of seats there are more than enough to go around and those whose names are drawn last do not suffer as they did on former occasions. The flower show, which is the great feature of the opening day, was not as imposing as usual. More flowers than ever before were sent to members, but after the seat drawing the house adjourned, before a third of them were brought into the hall.

—J. M. Novinger, a resident of Williamsport, died Sunday from the effects of a fall. On Friday he stepped on a cabbage leaf that lay on the sidewalk. He slipped and fell heavily sustaining internal injuries that proved fatal.

HIS DEATH A SURPRISE.

Stationmaster Grove, of Beech Creek, Dies in Springfield, Mass.

Charles Grove, well known to the employes on the Beech Creek branch of the Pennsylvania division of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad, died in a hospital at Springfield, Mass., of pneumonia.

Mr. Grove was the stationmaster at Beech Creek until about two weeks ago when he suddenly resigned and left Beech Creek. Since then nothing has been heard of him alive. Sunday the telegram came from Springfield, Mass., announcing his death. It was a great surprise and shock to his friends. Whether or not he has any relatives is not known.

Death of a Former Bellefonte Lady.

Mrs. Fredericka Winner, widow of the late Lewis Winner, died Friday night at 11 o'clock at her home in Lock Haven after a long illness. She is survived by a son, Forney Winner, and two daughters, Miss Stella at home and Mrs. McNarney, who is now in the Philippines with her husband, Lieut. Frank T. McNarney.

Mrs. Winner was born in New York city May 29th, 1852. Her maiden name was Hembe. After the death of her parents she lived with her uncle, J. H. Sands in Bellefonte until she was married. One sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Mayer, of Canton, Ohio, survives.

Mrs. Winner had been an invalid for a year. At the German hospital in Philadelphia she submitted to an operation and for several months afterwards her recovery seemed probable, but for a month past she has gradually declined. She was an affectionate mother, a kind neighbor and a good, Christian woman. She was for many years a member of the German Lutheran church, and until prevented by ill health was faithful in her attendance at all the services.

The funeral took place from the house Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. E. T. Buttz officiating. Interment in Highland cemetery.

[illegible] Living Man Who Read His Own Obituary.

On the 10th day of June, 1890, Gomer Thomas drove to Milton. While crossing the Pennsylvania railroad at the lower end of that town an express train ran into him and great destruction followed. At that time the writer was publishing the Shamokin *Dispatch* and ex-Coroner "Jere" Shindel, now of Sunbury, was city editor. Mr. Thomas was well known in Shamokin and when word reached town of the accident the paper spread itself. The only news obtainable at noon was that he was still living, but would die in a few hours. "Shall I kill him?" asked "Jere." "Yes," was the reply, and all the virtues Thomas ever had, and a good number he didn't have, were enlarged upon. It was only a short time after that when the deceased walked in the office and thanked all hands around for the nice things said about him, adding few men read their own obituary.

Within a week after the "killing" an enterprising Chicago firm sent Mrs. Thomas an elaborate mourning card, urging her to buy some and send them to friends and relatives of the dear departed. She has the card in her possession to this day.—Sollenburger's Danville Sun.

Death of Helen Harrison.

Helen, the little daughter of Prof. and Mrs. John F. Harrison, died at their home on East Bishop street Wednesday morning at 4 o'clock of diphtheria. Her illness was of short duration having only been sick since last Saturday afternoon.

She was born in Bellefonte and was twelve years old the 19th of last August. She was a real bright and intelligent little girl and was in the A class in the Senior Grammar school taught by Miss Carrie Weaver. Surviving her are her parents and one sister, Laura.

The funeral took place Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Rev. W. P. Shriner D. D., officiated. Interment in the Union cemetery.

Milk Trust Didn't Work.

The milk dealers of Lewisburg, having formed a combination to raise the price of milk from six to eight cents a quart, their customers began a boycott Sunday, most families resorting to the use of condensed milk. Monday morning each milkman notified his patrons that the proposed combination would be abandoned and the price of milk would remain at six cents.

—On Thanksgiving day at the home of the bride at Loveville, George W. Way, of Pittsburg, and Miss Fannie Wilson were united in marriage. Mr. Way is employed by the Westinghouse company and is getting along splendidly. His wife is one of Half Moon Valley's accomplished ladies. This paper extends congratulations.

OUTLOOK OF STRIKE!

Conflicting Accounts Come from Pittsburg as to Situation.

REPORTS FROM THE SIDES DIFFER

Railroad Companies Say They Have Everything Well in Hand While the Striking Switchmen Claim to Have Gained.

BROTHERHOOD ADOPT RESOLUTIONS

PITTSBURG, Dec. 2.—Reports from the managers and operators of the different railroads affected by the switchmen's strike say this evening that they have the situation well in hand and that the new men who have taken striker's places are now working to good advantage.

Sunday began with little new freight received and considerable work was expected in the way of cleaning the yards of their congested condition. In spite of the good reports made by the railroad officials, the strikers' officials are claiming decided advantage gained yesterday. Their statement is that at midnight Saturday night the 200 men employed by the Jones & Laughlin connecting road struck on orders from the strike committee. The committeemen claim that early in the day Superintendent McCune agreed to sign the scale for one year, but when the time came for signing the papers, in the evening, Mr. McCune repudiated his former agreement and had the committee escorted from the yards by policemen. As a consequence the men were ordered out.

The McKeesport Connecting railroad, the terminal of the National Tube company, employing 23 day and 20 night crews of three men each, is working under a provisional scale contingent on the signing by other roads. The strike committee now demands that the scale be signed without a proviso and the company is given until today at noon to accept. The committee reports that nearly all of the employees of this road are members of the union and will strike.

A joint meeting of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and Order of Railway Telegraphers was held tonight to take action on a circular letter issued by the United Brotherhood of Railway Employes. At the meeting it was said that the United Brotherhood of Railway Employes had no standing whatever in this district and the claim made by it that all branches of railway workers were among its members is absolutely false.

It was stated that this new order had made the above claim in a letter sent to the executive heads of the railroads and demanded that the switchmen's strike be settled at once or a general strike of all employes would result. The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Order of Railroad Telegraphers lodges in this district had representatives at the meeting last night and strong resolutions were adopted denouncing the United Brotherhood of Railroad Employes, emphatically denying that they had any connection with it, and declaring their unalterable intention of standing faithful to their contract and the companies employing them. The claim was made that there were only 129 switchmen on strike in the entire district.

Lumbering in Seven Mountains.

The Rightly Bros. & Co., are doing an extensive business in prop and mining timbers in the Seven Mountains, have an outlet into Milroy over a portion of Kulp's tram road. The Rightly road through Poe Valley was torn up and laid through Coxe Valley via Pat Garrity's and connects with the Kulp road at the Long Mountain bridge. This makes Milroy the objective point of three lumber companies, namely, Kulp Co., Rightly Co., and Beeblebeimer Bros., doing business in the Seven Mountains. Each company has considerable track and its own engines, but all use a part of the Kulp track.

A Fight With a Bear.

Rudy Robbins, M. A. Schuman and James and Charles Livingston, of Newberry, were hunting near Ferney Thursday, when a bear weighing 200 pounds appeared before them. Schuman shot the bear, but only stunned him. With a rush the bear charged the boys, and Livingston, who had by this time loaded with buckshot, fired and hit the mark. Again Schuman caught the infuriated animal and as he continued to advance Livingston fired the second charge of buckshot, which reached a vital spot and laid brute low.

Queen Wilhelmina Said to Be Tired of Her Husband's Cruelty.

AMSTERDAM, November 2.—It is rumored here that it is not improbable that Queen Wilhelmina will apply for a divorce on ground of cruelty and improper conduct on the part of the prince consort, Duke Henry of Mecklenberg-Schwerin. Last night a biograph picture of Wilhelmina was displayed at the Carre theatre and was cheered, while one of the prince consort was hissed.

A letter received here from a well informed correspondent states: "There is no longer any doubt that the queen's illness is due to her consort's ill treatment. A personal friend of Major Vantets, adjutant of the royal household, tells me that Vantets had the courage to interfere once when the consort had actually struck the queen. This led to a duel in which Vantets was dangerously wounded in the stomach and now lies at death's door. Prince Henry has been absent from Loo Palace, where the queen is, since the duel occurred. He is [illegible] hunting in Germa[illegible] and he was summoned [illegible] to his behavior."

Dowager Queen Emma is [illegible] over the outcome of the marriage and is endeavoring to effect a reconciliation.

The original cause of the royal estrangement was the prince's debts, which the queen refused to pay, when she found they had been contracted in an improper manner."

Newspapers in School Room.

The project or idea of using newspapers in public schools is rapidly growing and being more favorably discussed by educators in various parts of the country. Principals of both public and private schools argue that such a departure will largely tend to keep pupils in close touch with the current events of the day.

Dr. Brooks, superintendent of the public schools of Philadelphia, is heartily in favor of the movement. He says: "If the right kind of papers are used it will be a great advantage to the pupils. It will give them a conception of the history of the world as it is being made."

This Old Man Can Hunt.

George Burns, who is 92 years old, of Selinsgrove, returned from a hunt Tuesday. He had two wild gobblers, seven pheasants, three rabbits and one raccoon. One of the turkeys he shot on the wing. Mr. Burns says he used the old-fashioned hatch ball for loading, and thinks the new-fangled cartridge is a humbug.

Leaves Five Small Children.

Mrs. Emanuel Crawshaw died at Bitumen Wednesday, aged 35 years. Her husband and five young children survive. One of the children was born a short time before the mother's death. The remains were taken to Philipsburg for interment.

—The hunting season for deer closed on Saturday.

—The American Federation of Catholic Societies will hold their convention in Cincinnati December 10.

—John H. Highberger, a respected resident and postmaster of Glen Campbell, died a few days ago, aged 60 years.

—It is reported that a party of hunters from Kylertown returned to that place Friday evening with ten deer, all of them being killed near Black Moshannon.

—The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Clark Woodring, aged nine weeks, died at the parental home in Tyrone Saturday afternoon. The remains were conveyed to Port Matilda Monday for burial.

—Lloyd Tyson, little son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Tyson, was severely hurt about noon today. With other boys he was coasting on Twelfth street, and his sled ran into a passing wagon on Lincoln avenue.—Friday's Tyrone Herald.

—Mrs. Mary W. Weis, a widow, residing in South Williamsport, committed suicide by drowning herself in the river at an early hour Sunday morning. Mrs. Weis committed the act while temporarily insane from erysipelas, from which she had been ill for several days. The body was found and taken from the water a few hours later.

How It Is Done In Coudersport.

A minister in Coudersport recently adopted a novel scheme for bolstering up the church collection, which had been diminishing. He informed his congregation just before the plates were passed around that the members who were in debt were not expected to contribute. The collection that day was double the usual sum.

Clearfielders are expecting to have a large summer hotel built in that place soon by Philadelphia capitalists.

Additional Locals.

—The total receipts from the War Revenue act, from June 13, 1898, to October 31, 1901, were $343,838,634.

—A cold, cough or la grippe can be "nipped in the bud, with a dose or two of Foley's Honey and Tar. Beware of substitutes. All Druggists.

—General Joseph Wheeler has presented to the State of Alabama the first American flag which was floated over Santiago.

—H. I. Brungart, a nephew of Sheriff Cyrus Brungart, was married Wednesday evening to Miss Viola Mae Walter, at the brides home at Scottdale.

—The Bellefonte Academy and a scrub team from State College played a game of foot ball on the Fair grounds here Thanksgiving day. Neither side scored.

—The personal estate of the late President McKinley is appraised at $132,890 of which $60,132 was life insurance. The real estate is believed to be worth from $60,000 to $75,000.

—C. W. Lynch, Winchester, Ind., writes: "I owe the life of my boy to Foley's Honey and Tar. He had membraneous croup, and the first dose gave him relief. We continued its use and it soon brought him out of danger." All druggists.

—Mrs. G. Ross Parker, who has filled the position of organist in the Methodist church for the past two months very satisfactorily, has resigned and will be succeeded by Joseph L. Katz.

—J. W. Bryan of Lowder, Ills., writes: "My little boy was very low with pneumoni[illegible] Unknown to the doctor we gave him Foley's Honey and Tar. The result was magical and puzzled the doctor, as it immediately stopped the racking cough and he quickly recovered." All Druggists.

—Andrew Smith, of this place, was out hunting on Thanksgiving Day and met with good luck. He shot a 21 lb. wild turkey on the mountain back of Unionville, with a Winchester rifle at a distance of about ninety yards. Mr. Smith is a painter in the employ of S. H. Williams.

—Editor Lynch of "Daily Post," Philipsburg, N. J., has tested the merits of Foley's Honey and Tar with this result: "I have used a great many patent remedies in my family for coughs and colds, and I can honestly say your Honey and Tar is the best thing of the kind I have ever used and I cannot say too much in praise of it." All Druggists.

—Concerning a report in circulation to the effect that Lincoln Miller, who is under indictment in Butler county for a serious crime, had been sentenced to 7 years in the penitentiary, the following telegram from Sheriff Thomas R. Hoon, of that county, is explanatory. "Miller hasn't been sentenced yet. He gets a new trial in December."

—Chas Replogle, Atwater, O. was in very bad shape. He says: "I suffered a great deal with my kidneys and was requested to try Foley's Kidney Cure. I did so and in four days I was able to go to work again, now I am, entirely well." All Druggists.

—The divorce suit brought by David Nation against his wife Carrie Nation the Saloon smasher of hatchet fame, was begun at Medicine Lodge, Kansas., Monday of this week. Mr. Nation claims his wife took away his feather bed, drew $900 from the bank and refused to live with him. Most men would think the riddance cheap at $900 and a feather bed.

—Philipsburg Journal: Mrs. Benjamin Adleman and Miss Mary Press spent Friday evening with friends at Sandy Ridge, and while there Miss Press says she saw a big black woolly animal, which she supposed was a bear. It crossed the railroad right above Sandy Ridge, and from the size of the animal she really supposed it to have weighed something less than 500 pounds.

—Ella Merritt, aged 24, a domestic employed at Johns Park's hotel in Hastings, died at 5.45 o'clock Saturday evening at the hotel, from an overdose of Morphia. The girl had been in the habit of taking the drug to quiet pains caused by cramps and Dr. Rice, of Hastings, who conducted an autopsy on the remains, was unable to decide whether the overdose had been taken accidently or with suicidal intent.

—Mrs. George Overdorff, of Blacklick township, Westmoreland county, who was so badly hurt in a feed or corn cutter a short time ago, is getting along quite nicely, and unless unforeseen complications ensued she will recover. Her wounds are healing nicely and it seems as though amputation of the arm will not be necessary. Each day's report is more favorable than the preceding one and it is believed that she is by this time pretty well on the road to complete recovery.

—The popular view of the relation of the blood to human character and conduct is marked in many a familiar expression. We speak of there being "bad blood" between people at enmity, of "blue blood" as indicating ancestry, of "black blood" as describing a treacherous nature, and in many another phrase mark our belief that in the mental, moral and physical man, "the blood is the life." The one basis of a healthful, happy and useful life is pure blood. With the blood pure, disease has no permanent lodging place in the system. For this reason the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery rids the body of diseases which have their origin in impurity of the blood. It absolutely purifies the blood, carrying off the waste and poisonous matter, increasing the action of the blood making glands, and building up the body by supplying the blood in quantity and quality such as is essential to a condition of health. It cures ninety-eight people out of every hundred who give it a fair trial.

Died at Tyrone.

John K. Bottorf died at the home of his brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Miller, at Tyrone, at 12:45 o'clock Thanksgiving day. He had been a cripple since he was about 12 years old, the result of rheumatism, and the past 15 years had been in delicate health. Suffering from Bright's disease of tha kidneys, he was confined to his bed six and a half weeks immediately preceding his death. Had he lived until next April he would have been 64 years old.

John Kulp Bottorf was born at Pine Grove Mills, Centre county, where he received his education, being a graduate of the academy of that name and village, where he taught as assistant professor for a year after his graduation. After that he followed school teaching in his native community and the neighboring townships in Centre and Huntingdon counties. Later he engaged in the photograph business with a portable gallery, and still later conducted a photograph gallery in Clearfield for 15 or 20 years. In March, 1887, he became a resident of Tyrone and remained there until his death. He and Thomas Miller did a grocery business under the firm name of J. K. Bottorf & Co., at corner of Washington and Tenth streets, Tyrone.

Three brothers and two sisters survive. Deceased was a member of the Lutheran church from early manhood, and was on the roll of the First Lutheran church of Tyrone during his residence there. He was a member of the Clearfield Lodge of Odd Fellows, and the ceremony of that order will be performed at the grave by the Tyrone lodge.

The funeral was held last Saturday afternoon. Services at the Miller home at 2:30 o'clock by Rev. F. L Bergstresser. Interment at Tyrone cemetery.

Mrs. M. Clark Bible.

Mrs. Bible, wife of Postmaster W. Clark Bible, of Potters Mills, died Tuesday at 11 o'clock p. m., after a brief illness of one week from spinal meningitis. The interment took place Thursday, morning. Rev. Haven, of the Methodist church officiating.

Mrs. Bible, before her marriage January 31, 1895, was Miss Maude Shirk, daughter of Joseph Shirk, deceased, of Potters Mills. She leaves two children, Elizabeth and Agnes.

The deceased was a true christian woman, and very devoted to her family All who knew her had a kind word for her. Her age was twenty-six years.

Says He Was Tortured.

"I suffered such pain from corns I could hardly walk," writes H. Robinson, Hillsborough, Ills., "but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured them." Acts like magic on sprains, bruises, cuts, sores, scalds, burns, boils, ulcers. Perfect healer of skin diseases and piles. Cures guaranteed by F. Potts Green, druggist. 25c.

—The Austrian bride and groom or last Saturday attracted great attention says the Williamsburg correspondent of the Altoona Tribune. The bride was dressed in a pink silk waist, black silk skirt and a white crepe veil that reached to the ground and was kept in position by a wreath of flowers She wore no hat. The groom was dressed in the conventional black, the breast of the coat decorated with red rosettes. The bride did not sit down but maintained her dignity by standing as if posing for a picture. The feast following was five sheep, one hog, twenty chickens, forty kegs of beer and three hams. It was a feast of good things to the Austrians,

If There's a Hint of Catarrh Taint

apply Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder without delay. It will save you suffering, heal you quickly whether you have been a slave one month or fifty years. It relieves cold in the head and catarrhal headaches in ten minutes. The Hon. David Mills, Minister of Justice for the Dominion of Canada, endorses it. 50 cents.—65

Sold by F. P. Green.

—John Mountain, of Hollidaysburg, a well known lumberman while chatting with his friends at his saw mill Monday fell dead.

Of Benefit to You.

D. S. Mitchell, Fulford, Md.: "During a long illness I was troubled with bed sores, was advised to try DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve and did so with wonderful results. I was perfectly cured. It is the best salve on the market," Sure cure for piles, sores, burns. Beware of counterfeits. C. M. Parrish.

—Wu must be a brave man when he challenges the editors.

—Just bear in mind that all cannot have white meat tomorrow though there will be cranberry sauce and toothpicks to go 'round.

—There is a growing opinion among Congressmen that combinations of railroad lines will create a sentiment for government control.

—A fifty pound Lancaster county turkey was sent to President Roosevelt and may grace the White House table for Thanksgiving dinner.

—Wu Ting Fang, Chinese minister to the United States, will be the guest of honor at the banquet of the Commercial club, Kansas City, Mo., December 9.

—The Reading Railroad company has made arrangements to extend the North Pennsylvania railroad $4,500,000 7 per cent. bonds, due January 1, 1903, for a 3 3-10 per cent. bond to run for 50 years.

Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia.

It makes life miserable.

Its sufferers eat not because they *want to*, —but because they *must*.

They know they are irritable and fretful; but they cannot be otherwise.

They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, an uneasy feeling of puffy fulness, headache, heartburn and what not.

The effectual remedy, proved by permanent cures of thousands of severe cases, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills are the best cathartic.

Rev. Irl R. Hicks is Not Dead.

Notwithstanding a widely current rumor that the Rev. Irl R. Hicks was dead, he never was in better health, and never did a harder and more successful year's work than that just closing. He has just completed his large and splendid Almanac for 1902 and, with his staff of able helpers, has brought his journal, Word and Works, justly forward into international reputation. For a quarter of a century Mr. Hicks has grown in reputation and usefulness as the people's astronomer, and forecaster of storms and the character of coming seasons. Never were his weather forecasts so sought after as now, his timely warning of a serious drouth this year having saved the people from loss and suffering. Millions of bushels of wheat were harvested through his advice to plant crops that would mature early. The American people will certainly stand by Prof. Hicks, when it costs them so little and he benefits [illegible] at. His flo[illegible] (20[illegible] 25c and s[illegible] family journal is only one dol[illegible] the Almanac S[illegible] Pa. Lo[illegible] U.S.

[illegible]-h cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Funny Mistake of Immigrants.

A curious affair occurred at Freeland, near Hazelton, Thursday. A carload of Hungarian immigrants arrived simultaneously with "The Girl From Vermont" [illegible] the brass band struck up a two-step, the foreigners thought it was a welcoming serenade, and as the musicians started down the street the newcomers to American shores fell in behind them. The motley parade proceeded through the main street of the town to the principal hotel before the deluded Hungarian men and women discovered their mistake.

Health and Beauty.

A poor complexion is usually the result of a torpid liver or irregular action of the bowels. Unless nature's refuse is carried off it will surely cause impure blood. Pimples, boils and other eruptions follow. This is nature's method of throwing off the poisons which the bowels failed to remove. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are world famous for remedying this condition. They stimulate the liver and promote regular and healthy action of the bowels but never cause griping, cramps or distress. Safe pills. C. M. Parrish.

—Arrangements are practically complete for the fair to be held Thursday and Friday, Dec. 5 and 6 in the Presbyterian chapel by the Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian church. The finest display of fancy articles, useful and ornamental, appropriate for Xmas remembrances, ever collected for a church fair in Bellefonte, will be for sale at prices within the reach of all. You will want to buy Xmas presents. The Presbyterian fair will offer you opportunities that should not be overlooked. On Friday evening Dec. 6, a New England supper will be served for 25c, from 5 to 8 o'clock.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. This Kind You Have Always Bought

—The Salvation Army workers did a very graceful act on Thanksgiving afternoon when they distributed a little treat consisting of candy, fruit, nuts etc., to the 142 children who attended their afternoon meeting in their hall over the Centre County Bank. The good things which went to make up the treat were solicited by the Army from the different merchants in town who gave very generously and of the best they had.

Food Changed to Poison.

Putrefying food in the intestines produces effects like those of arsenic, but Dr. King's New Life Pills expel the poisons from clogged bowels, gently, easily but surely, curing constipation, biliousness, sick headache, fevers, all liver, kidney and bowel troubles. Only 25c at F. Potts Green's drug store.

—Some of the fellows with big heads will blame it on the mince pie.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

CHILDREN OF LONG AGO.

The Etiquette They Were Taught In the Eighteenth Century.

The "polite academy" does not confine itself to purely ethical considerations. The minutest directions are given as to polite behavior under all sorts of circumstances:

"Take salt with a saltspoon or else with a clean knife, not with that you are eating with, for that will foul the rest.

"Do not laugh at table, much less sneeze, cough or yawn; but if you cannot avoid it hold up the napkin or tablecloth before your face and turn aside from the table.

"When you drink, bow to some one of the company and say sir or madam.

"Never regard what another has on his plate. It looks as if you wanted it.

"If you have occasion to laugh, turn from the company.

"Always look pleased, but not merry unless there is occasion."

Now as to the deportment of a young master:

"Let your feet be placed at a small distance from one another, not too close nor too wide in spreading.

"Put one hand easy and free into the bosom of your waistcoat and the other under the flap of it.

"Do not button more than the three lowest buttons of your waistcoat that your hand may not be raised too high.

"Do not thrust your hand into your breeches as vulgar boys do, but let it fall with ease under the flap of your waistcoat."

To face this page there is a beautiful "copper cut" of a young master in the easy and elegant attitude recommended, and truly "there is a great deal of sweetness in his looks."

This delightful volume was published by R. Baldwin at the Rose in Paternoster row and S. Collins in Salisbury 1765.—Longman's Magazine.

KITCHEN HELPS.

To clean a greasy sink a little paraffin oil, rubbed on with a piece of flannel, will save a great deal of trouble.

Ordinary tea marks on china may be readily dissolved by scrubbing with a soft brush dipped in salt water and vinegar.

If new tinware is rubbed over with fresh lard and thoroughly heated in the oven before it is used, it will never rust afterward, no matter how much it is put in water.

A good way to clean zinc utensils is to dip a piece of cotton in kerosene and rub the articles with it until the dirt is removed. Dry afterward with a clean cloth so as to get rid of all grease.

For stained tinware borax produces the best results. If the inside of a coffeepot is discolored on the inside, boil it in a strong solution of borax for a short time, and all its brightness will return.

[illegible] kettles partly filled with water should not be placed on the range to soak, as it only makes them harder to clean. They should be filled with cold water and be kept away from the heat.

Names For Farms.

"We wish that every farm in Maine would be named," says the Lewiston Journal. "This is not a mere matter of sentiment, by any means, but it is strictly business.

"The man whose farm is known by some name is certain to take a greater interest in its products and to conduct all of his operations on a better plan. On every place there is certain to be some peculiarity that will suggest a name. A spring of pure water, a grove of oak or maple trees or something else of a similar nature will give it a local flavor. Then paint its name on the end of the barn facing the road. Let it be where every passerby can see it. Your farm will then soon become known far and wide and will aid you in a thousand ways.

"Besides, how much more dignified it is to be spoken of as the proprietor of Oak Grove farm than to be alluded to as Jim Jones. By all means name your farms, and it will make you all better farmers."

What a Bureau Really Is.

When parchment was used for writing and when bookbinding was in its infancy and a bound book was a costly luxury, it was the custom to place the book on a piece of cloth or a strip of wool in order to prevent the binding from possible damage on the rough wood of the table. Those who had to deal with money also had a strip of cloth on the table or counter so that the coins should not roll. This strip was called "bureau."

In course of time the custom changed, and the same word was applied to the writing table covered with green or other colored cloth and at length descended to the modern table with the center protected by leather. As an office contains one or more of these tables it is not difficult to understand that the name should, in one country, have been given to the room that contained the bureau.—London Standard.

Described.

A schoolmaster was endeavoring to make clear to his young pupils' minds the meaning of the word "slowly." He walked across the room in the manner the word indicates.

"Now, children, tell me how I walked."

One little fellow who sat near the front of the room almost paralyzed him by blurting out, "Bowlegged!"

—Ralph Cummings, class of 1903 P. S. C., the well known foot ball player and a former student at the Bellefonte Academy, has been elected captain of State's foot ball team for the season of 1902.

Old-fashioned Training

Its Strong and Weak Points.

The strong point of the old-fashioned training was the stress laid upon morality and virtue. "Be good and you'll be happy," was the common precept set before the growing child. But as the girl grew up to maidenhood she was often sorely puzzled to reconcile those past teachings with her present condition. She was good. Her soul was pure as the lillies of her garden. Her heart was undefiled. And yet she was desperatly unhappy by reason of physical ailments common to women.

This was the weak side of old-fashioned training: It ignored the

needs and requirements of the body. All its effort was to guide the heart and mind. The body might stumble along anyhow, and it generally did.

Many a sweet-faced, modest-minded young girl has had her first doubts of the goodness of Providence come in through the door of physical suffering.

"Why must I suffer in this way?" she asks, "Why does my back ache, my head throb and my side pain, so that I am fain to creep away into a darkened room and forego the pleasures which belong to my season of life?"

NO ANSWER COMES

as a rule to these questions. The young woman looks around and sees scores of similar sufferers. She is told it is a part of the burden laid upon women, and she shapes her shoulders to her heavy load.

This is all a mistake. Proper training, proper physical care would many times prevent these miserable conditions. But in any case, however distressing the present condition, it can be cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, if it is a disease curable by medicine.

"I write a few lines to thank you for your advice and grand remedies, to which I owe my health, and perhaps my life," says Miss Flora I. Greer, of 209 Howe Street, Akron, Ohio. "My trouble started during my childhood, but did not prove serious until 1893, when I met with an accident caused by a horse running away. From that time I did not see a well day. I suffered at every monthly period with terrible headache, irritation of the spine and pains in my heels so I could not bear them resting on the softest pillow. What I suffered pen could never describe. I had soreness through my hips and ovaries all the time and constant backache. Was afraid to be alone, imagined that every one hated me, and everything looked like a mountain. One doctor would tell me one thing ailed me, another would say something altogether different, but they only relieved me. I then wrote you in April, 18[illegible], through the advice of a neighbor, and followed your advice from April to July. I took five bottles of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and four of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and five vials of 'Pellets.' Have not had a single symptom of my old trouble so far. Can sleep good nights, work hard, and can eat solid and substantial food without distress. There are several of my friends taking your medicines with the best results since they have seen how they helped me.

"If any one wishes to know more of my case and will enclose a stamp I will answer any question they wish to ask."

HEALTH FOR WOMEN.

The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has brought health to thousands of hopeless women. If you are sick it will almost surely bring health to you. In all the hundreds of thousands who have used "Favorite Prescription" for womanly ills, only two in every hundred have failed of a perfect and permanent cure. And even these two in every hundred have been benefited, their pains eased, their burdens lightened, their lives made happier.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription establishes regularity, dries enfeebling and unhealthy drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. From the first change of life, when the girl becomes a woman to the last change of life it is a "Godsend to women" as a preservative of health and a cure for womanly ills.

"Your letter just received," writes Miss Rose Kilfether, of 43 West Sharpnack St., Germantown, Philadelphia, Pa. "Words fail to express how thankful I am to you for your advice. I must confess that for the length of time I have been using your medicine I have found it to be the most wonderful and best remedy for female troubles that I ever have tried. Sorry I did not know of your 'Favorite Prescription' years ago, but will gladly tell my friends who are suffering, of your wonderful medicine."

There is no alohol in "Favorite Prescription" and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

Sick and ailing women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. All correspondence held as sacred and womanly confidences guarded by the same strict professional privacy which is observed in the personal consultations of Dr. Pierce and his staff (numbering nearly a score of physicians) at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

It sometimes happens that the dealer tempted by the little more profit paid by less successful preparations, will try to press a substitute upon the customer, claiming that "it is just as good as Pierce's." It is well to remember at such a time, that the claims of superiority made for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription do not rest on mere words, but upon *cures*. Thousands of weak women made strong and sick women made well testify to its superiority over other put-up medicines for women.

THE BIBLE OF THE BODY,

is a title which has been aptly applied to Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. In plain English it points the way to womanly health and happiness, and fully discusses and illuminates those great and grave questions which involve the well-being of women. This great work, containing 1008 large pages, and over seven hundred illustrations, is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. For the volume bound in durable cloth send 21 one-cent stamps, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper-covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

New Flour Mill at Linden Hall.

A blustery March day found the flouring mill at Linden Hall owned and operated by J. L. Ross in ashes. Today there stands on the site of the old mill, which was the efforts of the early settlers in Penns Valley, a flouring mill complete and up to date in every way. The structure itself is 36-40 feet, three stories high, and an annex. The mill is fitted out with the latest roller process of flour making machinery, manufactured by Strout, Waldron & Co., of Muncy, and has a capacity of fifty barrels per day.

Mr. Ross will use a New Era Gasoline engine, purchased from J. S. Rowe, of Centre Hall, and a horizontal turbine water wheel to drive the machinery, each of which has sufficient power to operate the mill.

Wm. Rishell, formerly of Miles township, who is at present milling for the Noble Milling Co., Williamsport, will become head miller when the machinery starts which will be in a very short time. —Centre Reporter.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

—With the returns all in, Thanksgiving may be pronounced more popular than ever.

Look Out for Them.

An exchange warns the residents of the rural districts to be on the lookout for the men who are operating a new graft. The scheme is to call on farmers at their homes and offer for sale a graft. Another is to call on farmers at their homes and offer for sale a new method for making butter, with a county agency attached. When once their names have been secured to bind the contract, the experienced is more expensive than to buy a carload of steam pumps or a darn lot of lightening rods. Farmers in the northern part of the state were bled for thousands of dollars by this scheme.

Get Instant Relief from Piles.

This most irritating disease relieved in ten minutes by using Dr. Agnew's Ointment, and a cure in from three to six nights. Thousands testify of its goodness. Good for eczema, salt rheum and all skin diseases. If you are without faith one application will convince you. 35 cents.—64.

Sold by F. P. Green.

—The little 2 year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Campbell, of Cowansburg, met with a peculiar and painful accident Thursday evening. The child was standing near an open grate after some green coal had been placed on the fire, The fuel began cracking and throwing out small embers, when a piece about the size of a pea flew into the child's ear, causing excruciating pain. The little one was hurridly taken to a doctor who succeeded in removing it after placing her under an anaesthetic. It is though permanent injury to the ear will result.

FREE TO ANYBODY

WATCHES, CAMERAS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, and many other valuable premiums for selling "QUICKMAID" Tablets at 10 cents a package. Each package makes 10 quarts of delicious FROZEN CUSTARD, in 10 minutes time. Every body buys. Send your name and address, and we will send you 12 packages, postpaid, and large premium list. When sold send us $1.20, and we will send FREE your choice of premium.

Write to-day and get extra present FREE.

FRANKLIN CHEMICAL COMPANY,
830 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Four Ministers

Tell of Magical Results Brought About in Burning, Itching, Bleeding Skin Troubles by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Dr. Chase's Ointment draws more praise from ministers, physicians and lawyers than any other medicine in the world. It is endorsed by every profession.

Extracts from their Letters.

Rev. W. N. Edwards, Baptist minister, 109 Trinity Place, Buffalo, N. Y., writes:

"For over fifteen years the itching piles have been a source of constant annoyance to me, and frequently, too, the suffering has become intense. At times there was bleeding and the itching and burning was beyond endurance. The results I have derived from Dr. Chase's Ointment have been magical and the benefits lasting. I feel it a duty to fellow sufferers to recommend it."

Rev. J. N. Van Natter, Methodist minister, Albion, Wis., writes:

"My wife was terribly afflicted with protruding piles and contemplated a surgical operation when her notice was drawn to Dr. Chase's Ointment, and less than one box effected a cure."

"I then used it for an unsightly and troublesome skin affection, which had baffled medical skill for twenty-five years. Dr. Chase's Ointment thoroughly cured it. For piles and skin disease it is worth its weight in gold."

Rev. J. A. Baldwin, Baptist minister, Arkona, Ont., writes:

"For over twenty years I was a great sufferer from itching and protruding piles. I used many remedies and underwent three very painful surgical operations, all without obtaining any permanent benefit. When about to give up in despair I was told to use Dr. Chase's Ointment and did so, finding relief at once. I used three boxes, and am entirely cured. The itching is all gone. I have advised others to use it, believing it would cure them as it has me."

Rev. Chas. Fish, Methodist minister, 192 Dunn avenue, Toronto, Ont., writes:

"Ten years ago eczema began on my ears and spread over my head and hands. During that time I was a great sufferer. I tried many remedies, and some of the best physicians—specialists on skin diseases—treated me. The first box of Dr. Chase's Ointment gave much relief and five boxes completely cured me. I think my cure a marvel, and gladly recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment."

Just as good for every form of skin trouble, no matter how long standing. 50 cents a box, all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Woman of 1920.

If M. Octave Uzanne be a true prophet, says the London Telegraph, evolution in things feminine will move, not by degrees, but by remarkable bounds, between the present year and 1920.

The long dresses of today will appear far more quaint to the girls of that period than do the flounced skirts of the '50s to the modern woman.

In 1920, says M. Octave Uzanne, the "feminine prejudice," which causes ladies, except, of course, in ballets, to object to displaying the calves of their legs, will have become entirely extinct. "Rational dress," as advocated by extremists, will not, however, prevail. The Knickerbocker will not oust the petticoat, but the latter will never fall below the knee. On the other hand, the present clinging skirt will be abolished, and dresses will grow fuller in width as they decrease in length.

M. Uzanne believes that these revolutions in costumes will be promoted by hygienic considerations. He is a violent opponent of the long skirt, on the score of its being a microbe collecting and distributing agent.

In the name of the laws of health he likewise is persuaded that the corset has but a few years to live, and will in 1920 be preserved, if at all, in museums of discarded instruments of torture. Finally, veils will also be tabooed for hygienic reasons, as they act as nests for microbes which are gathered in their meshes and thence are conveyed to the mouth and eyes.

No Heart Too Bad to be Cured.

Testimony could be piled high in commendation of the wonderful cures wrought by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the heart, No case stands against this great remedy where it did not relieve the most acute heart suffering inside of thirty minutes. It attacks the disease in an instant after being taken.—66.

Sold by F. P. Green.

Warned of Money Order Fraud.

A circular letter was sent out by the inspectors of the Postal Department to all the third and fourth-class postmasters in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware warning them to be on the watch for an alleged swindler named Cohen, who in the past year has practiced extensive frauds by means of money orders.

Cohen's plan, it is alleged, is to go to a small post-office and purchase a money order for a sum less than a dollar. Many of these postmasters forget to mark over the dollar mark and Cohen takes advantage of this to insert sums up to $40. He then visits a store, makes a purchase and tenders the order in payment receiving the change.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
C. M Parrish.

He gobbled turkey without ado
And ate up the trimmings with much gusto.
He stuffed himself with mince pie galore
And now he'll never give thanks any more.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
C. M. Parrish.

A BURSTING BOILER.

How It Looks When a Locomotive Is Blown Up.

"I am one of the very few persons who ever saw a locomotive blow up," remarked an old railroad man to a reporter the other day. "Generally the men who witness the explosion of a steam engine are so dead when the smoke has cleared away that they are never able to give an account of the disaster.

"Like many other accidents, the one I saw was the result of carelessness—low water in the boiler—for the engine had just come from the shops and was in complete repair. It was on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad in West Virginia a number of years ago. I was on a locomotive some distance behind the one which exploded and was looking ahead out of the cab window, so that the ill fated engine was immediately before my eyes. Suddenly I saw the machine rise in the air. It seemed to me to be about as high as the telegraph poles beside the track, which, as you doubtless know, are not so high as telegraph poles in the city. Then came a cloud of dense black smoke and dust, which hid the engine from view, and almost simultaneously I heard the roar of the explosion.

"Both the engineer and the fireman were killed, and the locomotive was fit for nothing much but the scrap heap when it fell to the ground. The crown sheet over the firebox had blown out.

"The strange thing about the explosion was that no white steam was seen. You know that perfectly dry steam is invisible, being like the air, and before it had time to condense it was probably smothered by the cloud of smoke and dust raised by the bursting of the boiler."—Baltimore Sun.

PREPARED CHALK.

How to Prepare an Effective and Economical Dentifrice.

Practically all the tooth powders of commerce have the same base—prepared chalk. This is mixed with some saponaceous compound, flavored a little, put up in an attractive bottle or jar and, behold, a tooth powder costing from 15 to 50 cents per vessel, according to the place you buy it and the celebrity of the name on the label.

For 15 cents enough tooth powder to last a family a year can be put together. Buy the chalk in bulk and with it some ground castile soap, which all druggists sell. Put them together in the proportion of one-eighth soap to seven-eighths chalk, mix well and fill any and all the empty tooth powder jars or bottles that you may have around. If flavoring is liked, it is easy to add a little wintergreen or peppermint.

So with the various antiseptic and disinfecting solutions that, attractively bottled and judiciously advertised, coax pennies unnecessarily out of our purses. There is no better cleanser and general sweetener than a saturated solution of bicarbonate of soda. Fill a pint or a quart bottle, if you want to, with clear water and add bicarbonate of soda got from the druggist, not the grocer, until the liquid will take up no more. Keep this on your toilet shelf and use it as a mouth wash, etc.

When it comes to an antiseptic fluid, any surgeon will tell you that there is practically nothing in materia medica better than salt and water. It is always at hand and is safe and effectual. —New York Post.

An Ample and Sweet Revenge.

A young Englishman who had been repeatedly and unnecessarily annoyed by the St. Malo custom house officials made up his mind to get even with them. The last time he had crossed he had brought a ferret over with him, and a minute or so before landing he transferred the creature to a black bag, which he carried with extreme care and an evident desire not to attract attention. This immediately fetched one of the douaniers, and he swooped down on it with joyful alacrity.

Our young Englishman pretended not to understand the official until the Frenchman made his meaning clear by unmistakable signs. Then he slowly and reluctantly unlocked the bag. The douanier plunged in his hand, and—but my pen (let me put it down to my pen) refuses to adequately describe the dramatic scene that ensued. Suffice it to say that the bare recital of it was balm to my wounded spirit. I only hope it was our friend at the custom house who made the ferret's acquaintance. Revenge is sweet.—Continental Chit-Chat.

What Two Scotchmen Did.

In the early days of California two Scotchmen emigrated thither. One of them, an enthusiastic lover of Scotland, took with him a thistle, the national emblem. The other took a small swarm of honeybees. Years have gone. The Pacific coast is, on the one hand, cursed with the Scotch thistle, which the farmers find impossible to exterminate; on the other hand, the forests and fields are laden with the sweetness of honey, which has been and still is one of the blessings of the western slope of the Rocky mountains.

Fatigue and Disease.

You will find in every day's practice that fatigue has a larger share in the promotion or the permission of disease than any other single casual condition you can name.—"Memoirs of Sir J. Paget."

Looked [illegible]

"Is Squig[illegible]
"I don't [illegible]e certainly looked like it in the first snap shot his wife took of him."—San Francisco Bulletin.

—It is said that $9,000,000 will be needed for the repair of our war ships during the next fiscal year.

Everybody

Who suffers from Bodily Aches and Pains, such as Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Headache, Pleurisy, Sciatica, Sprains and Bruises

Should Use

St. Jacobs Oil

It Conquers Pain

Price, 25c and 50c.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

Good Wages and Good Morals.

It is beginning to be a demonstrable fact in sociology that a high standard of living in a community is the great source of productive economy as well as of a higher grade of social morality and political integrity. The market as well as the morals of the community is graded by the standard of living of the people. In the long run a low-wage civilization is dearer than a high-wage civilization. The road to the maximum economy and highest standard of intelligence and morality is through good wages and a high standard of living.

—The Christmas present now demands attention.

—There is generally a moss on the isthmus.

—The turkey came, was seen and was conquered.

—As a matrimonial agent Thanksgiving is a success.

—The new Congressman is practicing his maiden speech.

—Senor Gamaro, Spain's former minister of finance, is dead.

—Archbishop Corrigan was a guest Friday of President Roosevelt.

—It is predicted that corn will reach the dollar mark per bushel.

—A $375 sodding machine has been added to the equipment of the Farmers' and Traders' bank in Westfield.

—John Best, proprietor of Best's Boiler and Engine Works, of Lancaster, Pa., died Tuesday evening, aged 81 years.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

—The vault of the Woodbury Savings Bank, Woodbury, Conn., was broken into by burglars, who got away with $1,500.

Foley's Kidney Cure
makes kidneys and bladder right.
All Druggists

—There is an apple tree on the farm of Samuel Fleegle, one mile north of Stoyestown, Somerset county, which was planted by Mrs. Fleegle's great grandmother about the year 1790. The tree stands in a grove of maple trees on the site of one of the first cabins built by the pioneers of that section. It is about eighteen inches in diameter, apparently as thrifty as a young tree, and rarely fails to bear fruit.

To stop a cold.

After exposure or when you feel a cold coming on, take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar, It never fails to stop a cold if taken in time. All Druggists

—The winter wheat crop in Kansas this year was 90 045,514 bushels, breaking last year's record by nearly 13,500,000 bushels.

Foley's Honey and Tar
heals lungs and stops the cough.

—The fellows who celebrated too much are not thankful

RANKIN SALVE
the most healing salve in the world.
All druggists.

SINGULAR MAXIMS.

Old Time Rules For the Table by the German Poet Von Zirkler.

That our ancestors were not so well managed as we are is evident from the following rules, which were laid down by Tommasin von Zirkler, a German poet, in regard to the conduct of a host and his guest at a dinner party. These singular maxims were recently unearthed and have now been reprinted:

"Every host should take care that his guests have enough to eat and that they are not served with dishes that they do not want. In return the guests should behave properly and should be satisfied with whatever is placed before them.

"A guest should not eat all his bread before the first dishes are served, neither should he eat with both hands nor drink nor talk when his mouth is full.

"It is not polite to turn toward one's neighbor and to offer him a winecup from which one is still drinking.

"One should not eat greedily and hastily, as though the dinner had been paid for, neither should one take any food from his neighbor's plate. In a word, each person should accept what is offered and ask for nothing else.

"When there is some one on the right hand, it is permissible to eat with the left hand.

"While one is drinking the eyes should be steadily fixed on the winecup.

"It is improper to place one's hand in a dish while another person is taking some food from it.

"One should always have the hands clean and the nails cut short, as otherwise those persons who are eating from the same dish are likely to become disgusted.

"A guest should never put his elbows on the table, neither should he chatter all the time nor clean his teeth with a knife."—Chicago Herald.

Saved his life.

"I wish to say that I feel I owe my life to Kodol Dyspepsia Cure," writes H. C. Chrestenson, of Hayfield, Minn, "For three years I was troubled with dyspepsia so that I could hold nothing on my stomach. Many times I would be unable to retain a morsel of food. Finally I was confined to my bed. Doctors said I could not live. I read one of your advertisements on Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and thought it fit my case and commenced its use. I began to improve from the first bottle. Now I am cured and recommend it to all." Digests your food. Cures all stomach troubles. C. M. Parrish.

—During the computation of the vote of Lehigh county Judge Albright scored the practice of freak voting, and threw out a number of such votes. Judges who count the ballot of some person other than a regular nominee on their ballot, were rebuked with the statement that the court and the computers do not have time to trifle with foolish people who throw away their right of franchise by such practices.

Information Wanted.

The manufacturers of Banner Salve having always believed that no doctor or medicine can cure in every case, but never having heard where Banner Salve failed to cure ulcers, sores, tetter, eczema, or piles, as a matter of curiosity would like to know if there are such cases. If so they will gladly refund the money. All druggists.

Beauty's Refuge.

The finer or more delicate your complexion, the more it will suffer from the weather for several months now. Just a little lack or a little excess of moisture in the atmosphere, and chapping will result Those who care little for beauty at least care for comfort, and there is comfort in a smooth, soft skin.

CYDONINE

keeps the skin like velvet. We make it. It is harmless as dew. We do not believe the skin can possibly chap where it is used properly, or stay chapped long after it is applied.

PRICE, 15 CENTS.

GREENS' PHARMACY.
Bush House Block,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN
SAPOLIO
IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.

A Titled Special Apprentice.

Prince Youhio Yamamoto, of Japan, is working in No 1 erecting shop of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, Altoona as a special apprentice. The prince is a mechanical engineer and entered the shops to get a practical knowledge of mechanics. He is a most agreeable young man and is a relative of Marquis Ito, ex-premier of Japan. His companion from his native country, T. Hiaoka, will prepare himself for a course at Harvard. Both the young men, with two servants have taken rooms in Altoona.—Tyrone Times.

An Evangelist's Story.

"I suffered for years with a bronchial or lung trouble and tried various remedies but did not obtain permanent relief until I commenced using One Minute Cough Cure," writes Rev. James Kirkman, evangelist of Belle River, Ill., "I have no hesitation in recommending it to all sufferers from maladies of this kind." One Minute Cough Cure affords immediate relief for coughs, colds and all kinds of throat and lung troubles. For croup it is unequaled. Absolutely safe. Very pleasant to take, never fails and is really a favorite with the children. They like it. C. M Parrish.

—Thursday was the coldest day of the season so far and today we had our first real snow storm.

Foley's Honey and Tar
for children, safe, sure. No opiates.
All druggists.

—Foot ballers now should patronize the barber.

Satisfied People

are the best advertisers for Foley's Honey and Tar and all who use it agree that it is a splendid remedy for coughs colds or sore lungs. All Druggists

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Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT **FRENCH REMEDY**
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address
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KIDNEY DISEASES
are the most fatal of all diseases.
FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE is a Guaranteed Remedy
or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.
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Kodol Digests what you Eat
Dyspepsia Cure
You might as well put fuel under a boiler without burning it and expect the engine to run, as to eat food and not digest it and expect to keep up nourishment for your body. You must have nourishment to live and when you cannot digest your food, KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE will do it for you, with no aid whatever from the stomach. It contains exactly the same elements as Nature's digestive fluids and can't help but produce the same results.—David Taylor, Blind Ridge, Pa., writes:—"I have been afflicted for a number of years with dyspepsia and have tried various remedies without good results but was cured by one bottle of KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE. I cannot say too much in its favor."
It can't help but do you good
Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.
When you need a soothing and healing application for piles, sores and skin diseases, use **DeWitt's Witch Hazel SALVE.** Beware of counterfeits.
C. M. PARRISH.

WHEN in Buffalo, EAT AT STATLER'S RESTAURANT,
Ellicott Square; best and largest in the city. Meals 25 and 40 cts. MUSIC every evening.

The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.00 per annum.

BY WILBUR F. HARRIS.

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SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	$12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Six inches	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.

EDITORIAL.

"Judge Love is the recognized leader of the Quay forces in Centre county."—John Hamilton to the Republican county convention, July 30, 1901.

MINNESOTA is called the "Bread and Butter State" and the appellation is well conferred, too, for last year her mills turned out 26,630,500 barrels of flour and churned over 60,000,000 pounds of butter.

IN a card in a Detroit newspaper a woman thus thanks an insurance company for prompt payment of her claims: "August 9, my husband took out an accident policy and in less than a month was drowned. I consider it a good investment."

PITTSBURG is still undergoing the "ripper" treatment. The only difference is Flinn and his gang are prescribing the treatment and their enemies are taking the medicine. For the past six months or more the order of things was reversed. Such is politics.

THE United States Department of Agriculture is anxious to encourage the growing of flowers for perfume making in this country and attention is called to the fact that conditions in the Southern States, and particularly in Southern California, are exceptionally favorable for industries of this kind.

THE total popular vote of the United States in 1900 was within a small fraction of 14,000,000. and the total population of the country, including Territories which have no vote on the Presidency, was 76,000,000. Practically, therefore, there was one vote cast for each five and a half inhabitants.

A LAW prevails in Norway to aid the people in securing land. The government provides a sum of $500,000 which is loaned to industrious farmers to enable them to buy farms. A similar system in the United States would be received with joy and gladness on the part of a large number of our tillers of the soil

THE Scranton Republican pointedly illustrates the difference between Republican and Democratic theories of government by showing that under the administration of President Cleveland the principal difficulty was in trying to get rid of a deficit, while under the last and present administrations the chief problem has been what to do with the surplus.

THE Salvation Army is floating an issue of $150,000 of bonds to provide homes for the worthy poor. The bonds are secured by colonization lands of the army in Ohio, Colorado and California, valued at $250,000. On file are applications from more than a thousand families anxious to leave the city and settle on farming land. Among the subscribers to the bonds are Senator Hanna, Washington E. Connor and former Secretary of the Navy B. F. Tracy, of New York. In the evangelization of the world, in the uplifting of the human race, and in the amelioration of the distress and destitution of the poor we have always with us, the Salvation Army is doing a grand work.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S RECOMMENDATIONS TO CONGRESS ON ALL IMPORTANT QUESTIONS TOLD IN THE BRIEFEST MANNER.

President Roosevelt's recommendations on important questions appear in his message to Congress, briefly, as follows:

CHINESE EXCLUSION—Law excluding Chinese should be re-enact and strengthened.

ANARCHISTS—Exclusion, deportation or punishment of known believers in anarchy; Federal courts should have jurisdiction over any person who kills or attempts to kill the President or any man in succession for the office; anarchy should be declared a crime by international treaties.

TRUSTS—Corporations should be subject to government supervision and regulation, just as banks are; publicity should be enforced.

CABINET—There should be appointed a Secretary of Commerce and Industries, to deal with commerce, labor, corporations and merchant marine.

LABOR—Should be protected by the tariff; unionism commended.

IMMIGRATION—There should be careful tests of educational and economic fitness of immigrants.

TARIFF—General changes unwise; duties must never fall below difference between labor costs here and abroad.

RECIPROCITY—Should be developed in those products which no longer require high tariff support; attention called to reciprocity treaties endorsed by President McKinley.

SHIP SUBSIDY—American merchant marine demands legislation for improvement; "many foreign steamships are subsidized." government should "remedy these inequalities."

INTERSTATE COMMERCE ACT—Should be amended so as effectively to prevent unjust discrimination in railroad rates.

FORESTS—Necessity for preserving forests urged, work to be in charge of Bureau of Forestry; reserves should be made for preserving wild animals.

IRRIGATION—Government should take charge and reclaim arid lands in the West.

HAWAII—Land policy should be modeled on American homestead system.

CUBA—Tariff of Cuban imports should be reduced.

PHILIPPINES—America's only intention is to make the islanders fit for self-government; we cannot leave the islands until this is accomplished; Filipinos who oppose American authority should be dealt with sternly; franchises should be granted for limited terms of years, for industrial development of the country.

PACIFIC CABLE—Government should lay cable to Hawaii and the Philippines, or make arrangement with private company to do it.

ISTHMIAN CANAL—Treaty with Great Britain, just signed, recommended for approval.

MONROE DOCTRINE—Should be "cardinal feature of foreign policies of all nations in the two Americas."

NAVY—Increase in size and efficiency urgently recommended; provision for 4000 additional seamen, 1000 additional marines and larger classes at Annapolis; more attention to practical work, including gunnery.

NATIONAL NAVY RESERVE—Organization urged.

ARMY—No immediate increase created, elimination of necessary; general staff should beunfit members; positive announcement that political and personal pull will not be recognized in promotions; means shoule be provided for yearly manoeuvres of a division; education should be provided for all tesiring to fit themselves for military service.

CIVIL SERVICE—Should be extended and strengthened.

CONSULAR SERVICE—Appointments and promotions should be made on fitness and unaffected by partisan considerations.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.

THE TRUST QUESTION.

The whole problem (if there is any problem) concerning trusts and the tariff may be resolved into very simple terms. Either the trusts need the continuance of the Protective Tariff in order to carry on business successfully, or they do not. If they do need Tariff Protection in order to carry on business at a profit, it is plain that the removal of the Tariff would do away with the trusts. Incidentally it would do away with the business which the trusts now carry on, and consequently with the circulation of money and the employment of labor in connection with that business. It would be like killing a dog to get rid of his bark. If the dog was a valuable one, it would be manifestly wiser to keep the dog and teach him not to bark. And so in respect to the case in hand, it would be the part of common sense to get rid of any evils which may grow out of trusts, and keep the business and the capital which they represent.

If, on the other hand, the second alternative is true—viz., that the trusts are so strong and can produce goods so cheaply that the Tariff is not in the slightest degree necessary for the protection of their business, as the Tariff-the-mother-of-trusts men claim, then how, in the name of all that's sensible, is the removal of the Tariff going to hurt them? If they are wholly independent of the Tariff, how will they be injured if they have to do without it? If it is true that they can manufacture their products at a lower cost of production than is possible for foreign producers, it needs no argument to prove that they will never permit foreign goods to be sold under their very noses in the American market. If it is true, as it sometimes is, that the great industrial combinations crush out domestic competitions by temporarily cutting prices below what their competitors can afford to make, only to raise them after their competitors are [illegible] there is certainly nothing to hinder them from applying the same methods to foreign competitors in case the cost of production is greater to the foreigners. After the battle we would have the trusts still with us, and stronger than ever, but we would find that the outside concerns which compete with the trusts had been blotted out of existence. The sooner the question of how best to deal with great industrial combinations is separated from the Tariff question the better it will be all around.

SOLDIERS OF THE CIVIL WAR.

The muster of rolls of the Union armies of the Rebellion show that out of 2,000,000 in round numbers three-fourths were native Americans; Germany furnished 175,000 Ireland 150,000, England 50,000, British America 50,000 and other countries 75,000, in all about 500,000 foreigners; 48 per cent. of our soldiers were farmers, 27 per cent. mechanics, 16 per cent. laborers, 5 per cent. professional men and 4 per cent. were of miscellaneous vocations. The average height of our soldiers was 5 feet 8¼ inches, including the large number of recruits from 17 to 20 years of age. Out of about 1 000,000 men whose heights were recorded there were 3,613 over 6 feet 3 inches and some were over 7 feet.

CONGRESS during the present session will consider the presentation of two pension bills providing a $5,000 annuity for Mrs. McKinley and Mrs. Harrison—the widows of two Presidents. It is said that the plea for a pension for Mrs. Harrison will be opposed on the score that she was never the wife of a President in office, having married Benjamin Harrison after his retirement from public life.

PHILADELPHIA claims that raising the retail license tax from $500 to $1,000 has reduced the number of city saloons from 5,773 to 1,713 since 1887. We doubt if such a creditable showing could be made if the operations of the machine private license bureau in that city were disclosed.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4, 1901.

Congress is now in session, and will remain for at least six months, into which will be crowded some of the most exciting political experiences that this country has witnessed for many a day. The Republicans have, of course, a great advantage, not only from their position as a majority party but also from the extreme weakness of the opposition. Not only are the Democrats without leaders but they have not even chosen the best of those whom they have, to manage their battle for them. "Slippery Jim" Richardson, who was renominated for Speaker by the Democratic caucus on Saturday and received the complimentary vote of that side of the House today, and was thus made the tactical leader of the minority in the House, is pretty nearly the weakest man of all those who aspired to the honor. Not for nothing did he received his nickname above, his regular mode of warfare is to compromise with the enemy whenever possible and to fight only when it is impossible to avoid doing so. Far different is Representative De Armond, of Missouri, who would have contested the leadership with him, had he been in Washington. Unfortunately, both for him and his party, two successive mishaps to transports on which he had been traveling at Government expense in the Philippines, have resulted in delaying his arrival in this city, today he is somewhere on the bosom of the broad Pacific, wondering what is going on here. In his absence, his campaign for the post failed altogether.

The Democrats in the Senate are nearly as bad off. Mr. Bryan has insisted that Senator Jones, of Ark. shall again be leader of the minority in that body, and the contemplated revolt by those who object is further dictation from the Nebraskan and who think that Mr. Jones failed them woefully by not fighting the army bill and other measures put through at the last session, is indefinitely postponed to await the return of Senator Bacon, of Georgia, who is afloat somewhere with Representative De Armond. The stars certainly seem to fight against the Democrats nowadays.

Senator Knute Nelson, of Minnesota, has prepared a bill which he will soon introduce, to establish the new Department of Commerce and Industries, recommended by the recent reciprocity convention and by a number of similiar bodies in the past. Senator Nelson has discussed his bill with the President, who has approved it and will urge it upon Congress. The bill, as drawn, creates a Secretary, with an Assistant Secretary and a Chief of the Bureau of Manufactures. To it will be transfered from the Treasury Department, the lighthouse service, live saving service, marine hospital, inspector of steamboats, bureau of navigation, U. S. shipping commissioners, bureau of statistics, coast and geodetic survey; from the Interior Department, the commissioner of railroads, patent office, census office and geological survey; and from the State Department, the bureau of foreigh commerce. To these are to be added the now independent bureau of labor and the fish commission. The Secretary of Commerce will be a cabinet officer, raising the number of the President's advisers from eight to nine. The government began its existence in 1789 with three departments that of State, War and Treasury and two independent bureaus, whose heads were not cabinet officers those of Post Office and Justice. The Navy department was added nine years later, and the Postmaster General and Attorney General made Cabinet officers about the same time. No further increase took place until 1849, when the Interior Department was organized by taking patents and census from the State department, lands from the Treasury, Indians from the War, and pensions from War and Navy. The Department of Agriculture was created only a dozen years ago. Certainly Uncle Sam has been in no hurry to multiply new departments.

Secretary Root's recommendations in regard to Cuba have created decided sensation here. In effect they are a plea for prompt action looking to reciprocity with the island, on the ground that its peace, health, prosperity and independence are necessary to the U. S, and can only be attainded by prompt commercial arrangements that will insure to the island's benefit. "The same considerations" says the Secretary, "which led to the war with Spain, now required that a commercial arrangements be made under which Cuba can live. "These ideas of the Secretary are undoubtedly for all practical purposes identical with those of the President. As such, they foreshadow a spirited contest in Congress this winter with those who think that nothing can be done until Cuba is independent, and with those who are opposed to making any concessions even after it is independent. Sugar is, of course, the head and front of the opposition. The beat growers in the west, aided by the cane men in Louisiana, and Hawaii, and even in Porto Rico, and by the high protectionist interes in the east, have been absolutely deluging members of both houses with communications on the subject. The Sugar Trust is charged with being both for and against any grant to Cuba, but, as a matter of fact it is difficult to see how it can have any interest in the matter at all As long as the duty on refined sugar remains untouched, it matters nothing to the refiners how much the duty on raw sugar is reduced. Giving due consideration to the difficulty of "getting a line" on probable Congressional action, it seems to your correspondent that Republican feeling (certainly that in the House) is opposed to lowering the duties on Cuban sugar and that the proposed reciprocity with the island will come to naught.

At the republican caucus which was held on Saturday, General Henderson, Alexander Mitchell, Henry Casson and the other officers of the last Congress were nominated by acclamation. The Reed rules, after the usual protest from Colonel Hepburn, were adopted. The committee on "Industrial Arts and Expositions" was made permanent, but on motion of Mr. Payne, it was relieved of all authority in matters relating to revenue and appropriations pertaining to the Louisiana Purchase and all proposed expositions. Mr. Tawney, who was Chairman of the committee in the last Congress, protested vigorously, but Mr. Payne's proposed amendment carried.

The Democrats held their somewhat perfuntory caucus on Saturday morning. After nominating a slate for the various officers of the House including "Slippery Jim" Richardson, for Speaker, they proceeded to offer a conglemoration of resolutions as divers and impractical as are the opinions held by the peculiar varieties of chimerical economists who call themselves democrats.

The only sensible resolution offered, which opposed "any interference with the existing standard of values, and which was championed by the New Yorkers was fought by the Texans and finally all resolutions were "buried in committee."

UNCLE SAM'S "SPLENDID ISOLATION."

From the New York World.

The latest French budget showed a deficit of $10,000,000.

The latest German budget showed a deficit of $35,000,000.

The latest British budget showed a deficit of $266,000,000.

The next United States budget will, it is expected, show a surplus of $130,000,000.

Alone among the great nations the United States is paying its way as it goes and steadily reducing its funded debt at the same time.

THE population of the State of Pennsylvania, according to the census of 1900, is 6,302,115. This population paid last year an internal revenue tax of a little more than $26,000,000 and felt no ill effects from it, beyond the annoyance of affixing stamps to certain documents It did not notice the extra charge of a cent or two on various articles and transactions. This is what it is to be prosperous.

Took His Own Life.

Monday morning about 7:30 o'clock William Potter, janitor, went to the rooms of the Philipsburg Club in the Hale building on the corner of Front and Presqueisle sts. Philipsburg to sweep and dust the same. After doing his work in the corner room, and the one adjoining, which fronts on Presqueisle street, and which occupied a half hour, he went to the reading room facing Front street, which also adjoins the corner room. As he opened the door he was horrified to find lying on the floor the lifeless body of Thomas L. Emerson, one of Philipsburgs well known citizens, with a revolver lying on this breast. He was lying on his back, with a chair cushion under his head. The ghastly discovery was at once made known, and Dr. McGirk hastily summoned. It was found that he had presumably been dead for four or five hours, the result of a bullet wound that had penetrated his heart, with every indication that he had brought his life to an end by his own hand. Not a written statement could be found anywhere to indicate, that he had contemplated suicide, nor had he ever intimated any such thing to a living soul so far as is known. His motive in committing the rash act, is therefore, unknown. He was last seen leaving the Potter house about 1 o'clock Monday morning.

The deceased was aged about fifty years. He has been in the employ of Hoover, Hughes & Co. up until the firm went out of business, and since then has been chiefly engaged in settling up some interests of the firm. He was a brother of Mrs. W. V. Hughes, of Holidaysburg, formerly of Philipsburg.

Tragedy In the South.

Godfrey Webber, formerly of near DuBois, but who for eight years has been a resident of Craven county, North Carolina was going home from work several days ago when he was shot at by Cyrus Dixon. Mr. Webber was dazed by a ball that struck him. The assassin shot him again, discharging sixteen shot into his side. Mr. Webber walked to his yard, where he fell. He expired about an hour later, after giving a description of the man who shot him.

After going south Mr. Webber married a daughter of Mr. Cannon. After living together a year Mrs. Webber died. Mr. Webber some time later courted a younger sister of his dead wife. She however, was in love with another man, but overpersuaded by her parents, she accepted Mr. Webber. She made life very unpleasant for her husband and accepted the attention of young Dixon. It is believed that in order to get rid of Webber Dixon killed him. Dixon is under arrest.

Increased Their Talents.

Six months ago the Rev, W. E. Karns, pastor of Epworth M. E. church, Jersey Shore, preached a sermon on the "Parable of the Talents." Then he distributed among the members of his congregation 100 new pennies, with instructions to invest the "talents" and return the profits to the church.

Thursday night the money was returned, with usury, and the result was that $800, a sufficient amount to free the church from debt, was realized. The pastor himself led the list as the largest contributor, having made $60 as the result of investing his one cent talent. The talent itself was purchased by an admirer of the young divine for $25.

More Wheat From Nittany Valley.

The fifth car load of wheat for this season is being loaded at Mackeyville. Seventy-one cents a bushel was paid. The wheat will be shipped to eastern points.

THE women of Boston are manifesting a disposition this year to avail themselves of the opportunity to vote for school officers more generally than heretofore, 15,500 having already registered for the purpose. This is a gain of 5,054 over last year's complete list.

THE re-apportionment of the old 28th Congressional District was not made with a view to re-instate W. C. Arnold in Congress. He will arrive at this conclusion before he has progressed far with his canvass.

"If hope but deferred causeth sickness of heart, what-sorrow to see it for ever depart." Respectfully submitted in the case of Judge Loves' ambition for *superior* judicial honors.

MR. John P. Elkin is likely to find the road to the Pennsylvania gubernatorial chair hedged about with difficulties presaging an impossible expedition.

A POLITICAL query of considerable moment: Is Quay for Elkin for Governor?

Central Hotel and Restaurant

S. O. WATTS, Proprietor.

Bar furnished with Choice Wines, Liquors, and Cigars. The Hotel has been Refurnished and Refitted Throughout.

Pool and Billiard Room. First-Class Livery Attached

Electric Light, Steam Heat and Telephone. Street cars stop at door.

Corner Main and Grove Sts., LOCK HAVEN, PENNA.

FLOWER AND TREE.

Tobacco water will destroy bugs and worms on rosebushes.

Only well rotted manure should be allowed to come in contact with the roots of trees.

Don't try to transplant a cyclamen after the bulb has begun to throw up green leaves. If you do, you will lose your bulb.

Vines may be set in the spring and also in the fall. It is said the clematis does best if set in the latter season while the wistaria, honeysuckle and Japan ivy are by preference to be planted in the spring.

One reason why plants often do not succeed in window culture is the want of moisture in the air. Anything that tends to supply this lack is so much gained. On this account plants often do best in the kitchen window.

The petals of a single flower fall sooner than do those of a double one for the reason that the inner petals are transformed more slowly and retain the power of adherence they need when performing their original function.

There Was a Tale to It.

The girl at the music counter has some funny experiences. For instance, the other day a well dressed woman bustled up to the music department of a great store and said in a loud voice:

"Have you got a piece of music called 'The Crocodile's Tail?'"

"No, madam," answered the clerk. "We have one called"—

"But you had it here last week. I saw it," she interrupted. "It is from 'The Burgomaster,' and I want it today."

"Are you sure that is the name of it?" asked the clerk.

"Yes, that's the name. I remember it distinctly. Are you sure you haven't got it?"

"We have one called 'The Tale of the Kangaroo,' from 'The Burgomaster,'" volunteered the clerk, and after some hesitation on the part of the customer "The Tale of the Kangaroo" was sold. —New York Herald.

The Rival Gorillas.

Once upon a time a gorilla was in love, and while he delayed his proposal a rival appeared on the scene, gained the affections of the one he loved, proposed, was accepted and soon married her.

A year passed, and the disappointed lover called on his successful rival while he was swinging on a hickory limb, with a crying baby in his arms, and silently listened to his wife scolding him for some fancied breach of household regulations.

"That was a narrow escape," he said as he turned quickly in his tracks and hurried away.

Moral.—Delays are dangerous for the other fellow.—New York Herald.

He Didn't Think So.

"Do you believe all geniuses are egotists?"

"No. Look at me. Ever since I can remember I have kept myself back by placing too light an estimate on my importance and ability."—Chicago Record-Herald.

No Screaming.

Gladys—Were you alarmed when he kissed you?

Ethel—Dreadfully!

Gladys—And did you scream?

Ethel—Oh, no! It was a still alarm! —Puck.

Not For His Business.

"But they say," remarked the patron, "he has a good head for business."

"Nonsense," replied the barber. "Why, he's absolutely bald!"—Philadelphia Press.

Proud of the Boy.

Doctor—'Pears to me laik de boy dun got acute indegeshun.

Aunt Lucy (smiling through her tears) —Dat's it, doctah! Dat boy, sick er well, dun eb'ryt'ing cute!—Judge.

This Game is a Bone Cracker.

The foot ball season of 1901 closed Saturday. The record of the season which opened in September shows an appalling list of serious accidents, nine of which resulted fatally, and in many other cases the injured are marred or crippled for life. The list of deaths shows that four occurred from internal injuries two from concussion of the brain, two from broken necks and one from paralysis. Of the sixty serious accidents, the injuries were as follows: Broken collar bone, fourteen, broken legs, twelve, concussion of the brain, eight, broken nose, seven, broken ribs, nine, broken arms; four; broken shoulder blades, two, injured spine, two.

TO DOUBT THIS.

Is to Disbelieve the Evidence of Your own Senses.

It's Bellefonte proof for Bellefonte people.

It's local endorsation for local reader.

It will stand the most rigid investigation.

Mr. A. B. Steel of North Spring St. says: "I have never had a bad back since I used Doan's Kidney Pills in 1896 I procured them at that time from F. Potts Green's drug store and used them, but I have never had any occasion to use them since. I was so bad with lumbago or soreness across my kidneys that I had to play off work, I was hurt at a barn raising some years ago by a heavy timber swinging and striking me in the back. After that whenever I took cold it always affected my kidneys. This was the case for years but Doan's Kidney Pills finished all that suffering. I can speak as highly of this valuable preparation now as I did the

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and ake no subetitute.

Annual Xmas Entertainment by the Senior Class, Bellefonte High School, 2 P. M, Dec. 6, 1901,

PROGRAM.

Music, Song—"Don't Be Sorrowful, Darling".....By the School
Invocation .....
Music, Song—"The Voyagers"..By the School
Oration—"Molecules and Atoms".....
.....Charles Holdeman
Oration—"The History of Our Calendar".
.....Miss Tessie Shields
Oration—"The Majesty of the Law".....
.....Hurley Yorks
Oration—"The Golden Now".....
.....Miss Jenette Kern
Oration—"Torpedoes as a Coast Defense"
.....Harold Kirk
Music, Song—"Speed Away!"...By the School
Oration—"Selection of U. S. Senators"....
.....Bruce Underwood
Oration—"The Key Flower of Life".....
.....Miss Louella Shook
Oration—"Science and the Fate of Nations".....Arthur Grauer
Oration—"Passing of the Myths".....
.....Miss Kathryn Musser
Music—Instrumental Trio.....
.....Misses Etters, Meyer and Rankin
Oration—"Early July in American History".....James Taylor
Oration—"Christmas, Then and Now"....
.....Miss Helen Schaeffer
Oration—"Dangers from Forest Destruction".....William Brouse
Oration—"The Assassination of President McKinley".....Strohm Lose
Music—Violin Solo..... Miss Edith Graham
Oration—"Evils of Foreign Immigration"
....Irvin Noll
Oration—"The Flower of Liberty,".....
.....Miss Bertha Faxon
Oration—"The Trojan Horse".....Lee Adams
Oration—"Nothing But Leaves".....
.....Miss Helen Crissman
Music, Song—"Psalm of Life"..By the School

All friends of public education are cordially invited to be present and a special invitation is extended to the parents of the members of the class and to the graduates and former students of the school.

A Healthy Raid.

Our friends over in New Jersey are to have a new food law the first of January. When are the people of the Keystone State to have some protection from the fraudulent food articles which abound upon every hand? The arrest and punishment of parties making and selling alum baking powders has commenced, it is true, but Pennsylvania is still the dumping ground for some of the worst of these articles sent out by the manufacturers of New York, Baltimore, Cincinnati, and Chicago. Some power should stop it.

The authorities in Philadelphia have apparently been spurred to action by the vigorous editorials of some of the dailies of that city. The State Food Commissioner is collecting samples and it is hoped that some effective action will follow. Meantime for safety sake it will be well to keep all alum powders out of the store and out of the home.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the past week by Recorder N. E. Robb.

Alpheus Johnstonbaugh et ux to W. Fred Reynolds dated November 15, 1901. 91 perches, in Benner Township. Consideration $200,00

Warren B. Council et ux to James A. Bitner dated Oct. 3, 1902, 1 tract of land in Liberty Twp. Consideration $450.90

Catherine Biggins to Wm. Brooke Butler dated Oct. 23 1901, House and lot in Bellefonte. Consideration $600 00

C. A. Krape to C. J. Finkle dated Nov. 18, 1901, 37 perches in Gregg Twp. Consideration $1800.00

Joseph Wilkinson et ux to Peter Yonsue, dated Nov. 25, 1901, Tract of land in Rush Twp. Consideration $450 00

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey:

Marcus H. Overly, of Pittsburg and Jennie T. Taylor of Bellefonte.

Colire Pemberton and Bertha Gunsallubeth of Bellefonte.

Bernard McGovern, of Bellefonte and Ella Boyer, of Milesburg.

Frank Rock and Josephine Parents both of Hawk Run.

George Glenn and Mary Etta Rose both of Lemont.

Jacob Collar of Munson, Pa., and Amelia Fye of Burnside Township.

Enos W. Erhard, of Unionville and Eva M. Henderson of Taylor Township.

—Sunday morning at 7 o'clock Mr. Frederick Doughman died at his home in Altoona. Death was the result of a complication of diseases. The deceased was a native of Centre county, having been born here 74 years ago. During the civil war he served in company B. One Hundred and Forty-eighth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers. In the battle of Gettysburg he was made a cripple for life by being wounded. He was on the retired list of the Pennsylvania Railroad company employes, and for twenty-five years worked for that corporation, being employed in the lumber yard at Altoona. He was a widower, his wife dying about seven years ago. Surviving him is his step-daughter, Miss Amelia Bennett, who made her home with him, and one sister, Mrs. Sarah Reed, living at Julian, Centre county.

—Walter Hopkins, aged 20 years, lay down beside a stove containing sulphur gas at the Emporium iron furnace Sunday night. He fell asleep, and when discovered Monday morning was dead from the escaping fumes.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre Co., Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, Pa.,

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21st, 1901,

at 10:30 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate:

All those certain messuages, tenements, mining and mineral rights situate in Centre county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows:

TRACT NO. 1. Situate in Spring township, Centre county aforesaid, bounded on the east by lands of Robert Valentine et al; on the south by lands of Charles McCafferty, John Musser et al; on the west by lands of John Musser, the heirs of Reuben Valentine et al; and on the north by lands of Wm. F. Reynolds and sundry town lots in Bellefonte borough, composed of parts of five tracts warranted in the names of Wm. Moore, Thomas Ball, Wm. Sharon Jr., James Harris and Hugh Turner, and more specifically described, according to a survey made thereof by J. M. Bell, Civil Engineer, on June 25th, A. D. 1886; as follows: Beginning at stones, northwesterly corner of said tract; thence along land now or formerly of James Harris' heirs, and crossing the Centre & Kishocoquillas turnpike, south thirty-five degrees, east, twenty and one-half perches to a stake; thence crossing the creek and the Bellefonte, Nittany & Lemont railroad south forty and one-half degrees, west, thirty-five perches to a stake thence south thirty-five degrees east, twenty-two and one-half perches to a stone; thence south thirteen degrees west, thirty-six and four-tenth perches to a stone near a white pine; south sixty-three degrees east, eleven perches to stones; thence south three and one-half degrees west thirty perches to stones; thence south thirteen and one-half degrees east, twenty-six perches to a white pine; thence south fifty-two and one-half degrees east, thirty-one and one half perches to a white pine; thence south thirty three degrees east, twenty perches to a stake thence, recrossing the Bellefonte, Nittany & Lemont railroad, north fifty-five degrees east, eighteen perches to a stake; thence south thirty-nine degrees east, thirty-four and two-tenths perches to a stake; thence, recrossing the creek, north fifty-five and one-half degrees east, four and two-tenth perches to a stake; thence north fifty degrees west, nine perches to a stake on the easterly bank of said creek: thence, recrossing the turnpike road, north forty-one and one-half degrees east, two hundred and thirty-six perches to a stake in the middle of the old Lewistown pike; thence south sixty-four and three-fourth degrees west, one hundred and fifty-nine and nine-tenth perches to a stake; thence north fifteen and one-half degrees west, one hundred and forty and seven-tenth perches to stones; thence along lands of Friends' Cemetery the three following courses and distances, to wit, south, seventy-six and one-half degrees west, thirty-six and three-tenths perches to a stake; south, eighty-four and one-fourth degrees west; fourteen and seven-tenths perches to a stake; and north thirteen and one-half degrees west, thirteen perches to a stake; and thence leaving the Cemetery lot, south seventy-six and one-half degrees west, seventy-five and four-tenths perches to the place of beginning; containing one hundred and seventy-two acres (172 A) and eighty-two (82 pr.) perches; having thereon erected a large, modern, improved, hot-blast coke furnace, together with all engines and machinery necessary to operate the same, with brick engine and casting houses, boiler house, oil, ware and stock houses, a large frame foundry and machine shop, a large frame rolling and puddling mill, with six puddling furnaces equipped, a large two-story stone mansion house, stables, stone office building, twelve frame tenement houses, eight small stone tenement houses, one stone ware house and a number of small stables.

TRACT NO. 2. All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land, situate in Spring township, Centre county aforesaid, beginning at a marked corner in the southerly line of the James Harris survey; hence south forty-four and one-half degrees east to a corner of lands formerly of George Valentine; thence by same north seventy-seven and one-half degrees west, one hundred and twenty perches, more or less, to the line of the Samuel Miles survey; thence, by Nathaniel Johnston and James Harris surveys, to the place of beginning, containing thirty-one acres, more or less, and having thereon erected a frame engine house, with washers and machinery for washing iron ore and two double and two single frame tenement houses, and known as the High Bank of the late Centre Iron Company property.

TRACT NO. 3. All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Spring township, bounded on the south and west by lands of George Valentine and on the north and east by lands formerly of Reuben Valentine, more specifically described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at a post situate north eighty six degrees and thirty minutes west, twenty three and one half perches from the northwesterly corner of lands now or formerly of Mary V. Hale; thence along lands now or formerly of George Valentine north sixteen degrees west, thirty six and one-half perches to a post; hence still along the same and crossing the road leading from the Fishing Creek road to Curtin's Works, south seventy four degrees west, twenty three and one half perches to a post; thence along lands now or formerly of said Valentine and re-crossing said road leading from the Fishing Creek road to Curtin's Works, south sixteen degrees east, thirty six and one half perches to a post, thence along lands now or formerly of said Valentine, north seventy four degrees east, twenty three and one half perches to the place of beginning; containing five acres more or less, and having thereon erected a frame engine house and ore washing machinery and also a hoisting engine house, with one frame dwelling house, known as the Gatesburg Bank of the late Centre Iron Company property.

PURPART NO. 4. Also all the machinery and improvements erected in and upon a certain tract of land situate in Spring township, Centre county, containing thirty nine acres and one hundred and thirty nine perches, bounded on the north and west by lands of Reuben Valentine's heirs and on the south and east by lands of Dr. E. W. Hale, consisting of the ore washing plant of the late Centre Iron Company known as Taylor Bank, and having thereon erected a frame engine house, a hoisting engine house and one double frame tenement house.

PURPART NO. 5. Also all the machinery, engine houses, wells and ore washing plant connected with the Logan Bank of the late Centre Iron Company property, situate in Spring township, Centre county, on the property of Reuben Valentine, bounded on the north, south, east and west by lands of said Reuben Valentine; containing five acres, more or less.

PURPART NO. 6. Also all the iron ore, and mine, within, upon or underlying forty seven tracts or parcels of land situate in the townships of Spring, Benner, Walker, College, Boggs and Union in Centre county, Pennsylvania, composed in whole or part of the tracts warranted in the following names: One thereof in the name of Michael Hahn, containing 180 acres; one other thereof in the name of Uriah Woolman, containing 298 acres; one other thereof in the name of James Harris, containing 312 acres and 140 perches; one other thereof in the name of James Harris, containing 159 acres and 120 perches; one other thereof in the name of James Bertram, containing 192 acres and 16 perches; one other thereof in the name of Hugh Turner, containing 20 acres; one other thereof in the name of Ann Patton, containing 407 acres and 40 perches, two others thereof in the names of Samuel Miles and James Harris, containing respectively 266 acres; one other thereof in the name of Robert Means, containing 265 acres; one other thereof in the name of John Talbot, containing 400 acres; one other thereof in the name of John McComing, containing 413 acres and 73 perches; one other thereof in the name of Eleanor Johnston, containing 421 acres and 123 perches; one other thereof in the name of James Johnson, containing 433 acres; one other thereof in the name of Thomas Johnson, containing 433 acres; one other thereof in the name of John Smith, containing 361 acres; one other thereof in the name of John McKissick or McKisson, containing 187 acres and 100 perches; one other thereof in the name of William Carlisle, containing 130 acres; one other thereof in the name of Sam'l. Phipps, containing 233 acres 153 perches; one other thereof in the name of Jane Black, containing 400 acres; one other thereof in the name of William Wilson, containing 399 acres; one other thereof in the name of Rudolph Mulholland, containing 100 acres; one other thereof in the name of Chas. Wilson, containing 182 acres and 29 perches; one other thereof in the name of John Dunwoody, containing 329 acres; one other thereof in the name of James Long, containing 433 acres and 153 perches; one other thereof in the name of Joshua Deal, containing 435 acres and 153 perches; one other thereof in the name of John Irwin, containing 225 acres and 124 perches; one other thereof in the name of Samuel Miles, containing 366 acres and 130 perches; one other thereof in the name of Daniel Hartong, containing 419 acres and 57 perches; one other thereof in the name of Casper Kuhns, containing 453 acres; four others thereof in the names of Samuel Miles, John Dunlap, James Harris and Samuel Milliken, respectively containing 703 acres; three others thereof in the names of William Fulton, James Harris and Nathaniel Johnston, containing respectively 200 hundred acres; one other thereof in the name of Lindsay Coats, containing 315 acres; one other thereof in the name of George Evans Jr., containing 200 acres; one other thereof in the name of William Sharon Jr., containing 176 acres and 43 perches; three others thereof in the names of Peter Graybill, Joseph Hopkin and Evan Miles, respectively containing 550 acres; one other thereof in the name of Samuel Miles Jr., containing 368 acres; one other thereof in the name of Geo. Fry, containing 162 acres and 84 perches; one other thereof in the name of Thomas Bell, containing 160 acres; one other thereof in the name of William A. Thomas, containing 246 acres and 152 perches; one other thereof in the name of John Cooper, containing 140 acres and one other thereof in the name of Hugh Turner, containing 40 acres. (Excepting and reserving out of the Michael Hahn tract one fifth of the ore underlying a part thereof granted to William Riddle; out of the Eleanor Johnston tract, the ore underlying 128 acres granted to J. Y. Dale; out of the John Dunwoody tract, 191 acres underlying tract granted to John Hoover; out of the William Fulton, James Harris and Nathaniel Johnston tracts, one fourth of 100 acres thereof; out of the William Sharon tract, one fourth of 100 acres, and out of the Wm. A. Thomas tract 50 acres granted to David Harter; and also excepting all ore underlying any tracts conveyed by Jacob D. Valentine et al., or any of their ancestors by deeds recorded prior to August 2nd, 1886. Together with the right and privilege of free ingress, egress and regress on the surface of the respective tracts to search for, find, dig, deposit, clean, burn, take and carry away all such iron ore or mine, with all the rights and privileges necessary for the full, quiet and absolute enjoyment of the same, subject, however, to the payment to the respective owners of said surface their heirs and assigns, of $60.00 for each and every acre permanently occupied in the exercise of said right. All shafts or holes excavated in seaching for ore to be re-filled at the expense of the parties making such search.)

TOGETHER WITH the engine houses, derricks, boilers, engines, pumps washers, charcoal beds, forge tools, fixtures, sidings, railway cars, carts, wagons, scales, platform scales, incline planes, dwelling houses, stables, cabins, artesian wells, machinery erected on any of the foregoing lands or mineral rights, therein contained or used in connection therewith: and also together with all improvements and machinery which have been made to or placed upon the surface of any of the above mentioned forty-seven tracts upon which the said ore rights are conveyed, either by Edmund Blanchard or William M. Stewart, the Valentine Ore Land Association or the Centre Iron Company, since August 2nd, 1886, or prior thereto, by the grantors of said Blanchard and Stewart.

THE FOREGOING being the same property which The Fidelity Insurance, Trust & Safe Deposit Company, by its deed bearing date the twenty-sixth day of February A. D. one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and recorded in Centre county in Deed Book Vol. 61, page 355, granted and conveyed to the said The Valentine Iron Company, as by reference thereto will more fully and at large appear.

ALSO TOGETHER WITH all the corporate rights, franchises, immunities and privileges of the said The Valentine Iron Company under and by virtue of its charter of incorporation as granted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, under Letters Patent bearing date the twenty-ninth day of January A D. one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of The Valentine Iron Company, defendant, and Robert Valentine and The American Bonding & Trust Company of Baltimore City, terre tenants.

TERMS OF SALE.—No deed will be acknowledged until purchase money is paid in full.

CYRUS BRUNGART,
46-47 Sheriff.

Auditor's Notice.

In the Estate of the GRAYSDALE MINING COMPANY, LIMITED. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County. No 155 January Term, 1896.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County to pass upon the exceptions filed to the account of F. W. Crider, J. H. Lingle and H. R. Curtin, Trustees, and distribute the balance which may be shown due thereby to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Monday, the 30th day of December, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock A. M. at his office in Temple Court, in the borough of Bellefonte, Pa., when and where all persons are required to present their claims, or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

HARRY KELLER, Auditor.

Supply and Want Column.

FOR SALE:—An Ideal Cash Register, never been used. Absolutely new and in fine condition. For terms inquire at News Office.

FOR RENT OR SALE—House on Reynold's avenue, 11 rooms and a bath room heater in the cellar, and a good stable on the premises. Inquire of S. H. Williams, High street.

WANTED—A GOOD HOUSE OR FLAT centrally located. Three rooms up stairs and three down. Modern conveniences. Address News office. 19-1wk

WANTED—IN EACH COUNTY A PERson of integrity and good standing to represent and advertise well established business house of solid financial standing. Salary $18, weekly and expenses, payable weekly in cash direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. Cash advanced for expenses. References Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Standard House, 334 Caxton Building, Chicago. Nov. 18-1md.

Another case of first quality Felt Window Shades — best spring roller, at 9c each.

GARMAN'S.

See the Persian design in Outing—exact imitation of French Flannels, for Wrappers, Kimonas, etc.

GARMAN'S.

Finest material for Tailor-made Suits always the best, but at lowest prices.

GARMAN'S.

Stationery and School Supplies at about one-half the regular prices. 2 cases of slates at cost.

GARMAN'S.

Souvenirs at little money for people to take home with them. Many styles in glass, shell, etc.

GARMAN'S.

EDW. K. RHOADS

At his yard opposite the P. R. R. Passenger Station, sells only

BEST QUALITIES
OF
ANTHRACITE
AND
BITUMINOUS

COALS

Also, All Kinds of
WOOD, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW
AND SAND.

Superior Screenings for Lime Burning, Builders and Plasterers' Sand.

Telephone Calls:
Central Co. - - - 1312
Commercial Co. - - 682

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

DAILY NEWS convenient guide to all Trades, Callings, Industries and Professions

Grocers.

E. I Gillen: No 30 Allegheny St.
H E Garbrick, Coleville. Bellefonte.
Sechler & Co. Bush House block.
John Meese, No 27 Allegheny St. General Store.

Hardware.

Potter & Hoy, Corner Water & High Sts. Wholesale and Retail.
D Irvin's Sons, Crider's block High St.

Tailors.

W H Derstine, Crider's stone block, Cleaning and repairing.
James Stickler, No 8 Bishop St.

Plumbers.

J L Runkle, Crider's Exchange, Plumber, steam & gas fitter.
Archibald Allison, McClain block, opp Bush House. Plumbing, steam heating, steam & gas fitting; terra cotta pipe and mill supplies.

Engineer, Machinist & Repairer.

L C Wetzel, No 61 Water St

Lumber Dealers.

Ardell Lumber Co, near big spring.
P B Crider, & Son, near C. R. R. of Pa.

Hotels.

Hotel Haag, No 111 Bishop St.
Hotel Garman, electric call and light; also bath and stable.
New Brockerhoff House. Southwest corner of diamond

Musical Instruments.

J A Aikens, corner Allegheny and Bishop Sts.
Miss Ohnmacht, Crider's Exchange; musical instruments on easy terms.

Wall Paper, Paper Hangers & Painters.

Eckenroth & Montgomery, Crider's stone building, High St.

Banks.

First National, N W corner diamond.
Jackson, Hastings & Co., S E corner diamond
Centre County N W cor Spring & High St.

Brewery.

Volk's pure export Lager Beer; Bellefonte Brewery.

Confectionery & Fruit.

J. D. Sourbeck, 107 W High St., and The Racket Store, Bell and Commercial tel.
Chas. Cuneo, Allegheny St., next door to Brockerhoff House entrance

Sewing Machines & Installment Goods.

J H Hill, Spring St. next door to Schofield's harness shop.

Dentists.

Dr W H Kochler, 15 South Allegheny Street, over Lyon's store
Dr Ward, 2nd floor of Crider's stone building.
Dr H W Tate, Bush Arcade.
Dr Hafer, Harris block, corner Water and High Sts.
Dr C A VanValin, Woodring building, opp Court House.
Dr J D Geissinger, Bellefonte.

Coal.

R B Taylor, near electric light plant; coal and Hecla ice.
Edward K. Rhoads, opp P. R. R. Pass. depot.

Cigars Manufacturers & Dealers.

Hamilton Otto, First National Bank building
A. J. Cruse, 211 w High St.

Umbrella Hospital and Repair Shop.

H D Brown, corner of Bishop and Allegheny Sts.

Shoe Stores.

A. C. Mingle, Brockerhoff House block
Model Shoe Store, Temple Court.

Saddler & Harness Maker.

Jas. Schofield, No. 11 & 1 Spring St.

Boarding.

Mrs. Mary Blake, 133 North Spring Street.
Mrs Rebecca Bickle, No 3 Thomas St.
Mrs O Atwood, No 136 N Spring St.

Masons, Builders & Contractors.

*Ed. C. Cowdrick, 144 East Curtin St.
Benjamin Smith, East High St near Union cemetery.
W L Steel, cor Spring & Pine sts. estimates given
Henry Lowery, 242 east Logan street.

Laundry.

Bellefonte Steam Laundry, Water St; blankets and lace curtains a specialty.

Insurance.

Grant Hoover, 2nd floor Crider's stone building; general insurance, real estate and loans.

Livery, Feed & Exchange Stables

Jas McCully, connected with Brockerhoff House.
W H Taylor, rear of Brant House.
*Isaac Lose, Pike Alley, rear of Sheffer's store.
Geo Beezer, Water St. telephone 32

Jewelers.

A Galaugher, No 32 S Allegheny St.
F P Blair & Co. Southern cor of Diamond.

Sewing Machines Repaired, Shuttles and Needles for all Machines.

J H. Hill, Spring St, next door to Schofield's harness shop.

Confectionery & Cigars—Peanuts a Specialty.

Chas Rine, next door to Watchman office.

Tombstones & Monuments.

A. M. Mott, 111 west High street.

Cigars & Tobaccos.

Chas Cuneo, Allegheny St., next door to Brockerhoff House entrance.

Blacksmiths.

Jeremiah Shearer, Willowbank St., near Phoenix Flour Mills.
J S Knisely, Penn St., rear of Undine Engine house.

Sewing Machines & Installment Goods.

J H Hill, Spring St, next door to Schofield's harness shop.

Pipe Organ & Piano Tuning & Repairs.

C J Smith, Allison block, Allegheny St.

Clothing & Gent's Furnishings.

Montgomery & Co., No 3 Allegheny street.

Dray.

J F Strunk, Bush Addition; telephone 502, City dray & contractor.

Agricultural Implements.

John G. Dubbs, at old Snow Shoe depot.

Books and Stationery.

George T. Bush, High street.

Cash Clothing Store.

Leiberman's, Bush Arcade, High St.

Lime, Coal, Seeds & Implements.

McCalmont & Co.

Shoemakers and Cobblers.

Ellis Flick, Bishop street.
J D. Solt, north Allegheny street.

Wall Paper Dealers.

S. H. Williams, High street.

Cabinet Maker,

Upholsterer, Recaning, Varnishing, Staining, New Mattresses and Cushions cleaned and made new, Superior Furniture Polish for sale.
A Ray, Water street, opposite the Big Spring.

IS COMING!
PROF. J. ANGEL,
(THE EXPERT)
EYE SPECIALIST

with headquarters at 714 Centre St., Williamsport, Pa., will make regular monthly visits to Bellefonte to establish both a good business and reputation. Your newspapers will announce my coming from time to time. My specialty is to prescribe and furnish special Glasses to relieve Headache, to strengthen weak eyes and to give clear vision to defective eyesight. I studied and graduated abroad, and have 15 years' experience. I guarantee good results in every case.

I will offer special inducements and very low prices all of this year to those who need attention of the eyes, to advertise my results and ability. Invalids and those who cannot conveniently leave their homes can be examined at home by appointment without extra charge. Reading glasses $1.00 per pair and up; frames 50c and up.

Will be at the Garman House, Thursday, Dec. 19th, 9:30 to 8 p. m.

John C. Miller,
FIRE
INSURANCE
AGENCY.

None but the best Fire Insurance Companies represented.

No. 3 East High Street.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Alexander McElwee,
BANKER AND BROKER.
50 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Member N. Y. Consolidated Stock Exchange.

Stocks and Bonds

Bought and sold for cash or carried on margin.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

We are offering at the present time an investment which for immediate profit cannot be excelled in the market today.

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS AT ONCE.

HE KILLED THE CASE

FATAL EFFECT OF BROTHER SPEARS' MUSICAL TESTIMONY.

After the Jury Heard It They Acquitted the Naughty Children Who Laughed in Church and Disturbed the Religious Assemblage.

A well known lawyer of Lancaster, Mo., related the following legal incident: One of the most original lawyers I ever met in my life was Sam Dysart, who many years ago was a resident of our county. Sam was a born humorist and could have made his fortune in the lecture field. When he lived up our way, he was engaged on one occasion to defend a lot of boys and girls charged with disturbing a religious assembly out in the country. "Laughing and giggling" is the way the information read. The case was tried before Squire A. C. Bailey, a good old man who has long since gone to his final reward. Like all cases of the sort, it attracted an immense crowd from the vicinity of the alleged outrage.

T. C. Tadlock prosecuted, and he was instructed by the church people to spare no pains to convict the disturbers, who were very much frightened by being dragged into court. All the defendants were children of good families, and it was their first offense. They candidly admitted they laughed out in church, and the state insisted that by their own mouths they were condemned.

Brother Tice Spears, a righteous man of Puritanic type, was the main prosecuting witness. He had conducted the service, and he testified that the peace was sadly disturbed by the unseemly behavior of the "rioters." After he told his story in chief he sat down with clasped hands, waiting for the defendants' attorney to begin on him. He didn't have long to wait. The examination began like this:

"Brother Spears, you led the meetin' that night?"

"I did, sir."

"You prayed?"

"I did, sir."

"And preached?"

"I tried to."

"And sang?"

"I sang."

"What did you sing?"

"'There Is a Fountain Filled With Blood,' sir."

Here Mr. Dysart pulled a hymnbook from his pocket and handed it to the witness with the remark:

"Please turn to that song, Brother Spears."

The witness did so.

"That's what you sang that night?"

"It is, sir."

"Well, stand up and sing it now, if you please."

"What!"

"You heard what I said, Brother Spears."

"But I can't sing before this sort of crowd."

"Brother Spears," with much apparent indignation, "do I understand that you refuse to furnish legitimate evidence to this jury?"

"No, no—but, you see"—

"Your honor," said Mr. Dysart, "I insist that the witness shall sing the song referred to just as he did on the night of alleged disturbance. It is a part of our evidence and very important. The reason for it will be disclosed later on."

There was a long jangle between the lawyers, and the court finally ordered the witness to get up and sing.

"And mind you, Brother Spears," said Dysart seriously, "you must sing it just as you did that night. If you change a note, you will have to go back and do it all over again."

The witness got up and opened the book. There is a vast difference between singing to a congregation in sympathy with you and a crowd of courtroom habitues. Brother Spears was painfully conscious of the fact. You know how these old time hymns are sung in the backwoods settlements? You begin in the basement and work up to the roof and then leap off from the dizzy height and finally finish the line in the basement.

That's the way the witness did. He had a good voice—that is, it was strong. If Gabriel's trumpet ever gets out of whack he could utilize that voice and wake the dead just as readily. It seemed to threaten the window lights. The crowd didn't smile, it just yelled with laughter. The jurymen bent double and almost rolled from their seats. The court bit his corncob pipe harder and looked solemn. It wasn't any use. There were only two straight faces in the house. One belonged to a deaf man and the other to Sam Dysart. The singer finished and sat down. He looked tired. Sam immediately excused him.

When the time for speechmaking came Sam remarked to the jury: "If you gentlemen think you could go to one of Brother Spears' meetings and behave better than you have here, why you may be justified in convicting these boys and girls."

That was all he said, but it gave the jury lots to think about. They brought in a verdict of not guilty, with the request that Brother Spears sing another song. But that gentleman had gone home and court adjourned.—Macon Republican.

Look the Other Way.

There are many thousand fathers who are terrorizing their little sons by seeing too much. Let all such learn to look the other way at times. Don't see everything your boy does. Give him some latitude and longitude. Don't keep the little fellow in a shiver of apprehension lest you find out some peccadillo. He must have his fun or die. If you see too much, he grows thin. **Look the other way.—New York Press.**

POOL TABLE POCKETS.

They Are Made For the Most Part In Farmers' Houses.

"An odd occupation, surely," said a man acquainted with the business, "is that of knitting pool table pockets. A few persons find steady employment at it, but the greater number of those engaged in it take it up incidentally to some other employment.

"Of all the pool pockets used the largest proportion is made in farmhouses by farmers' wives and daughters. The women who do this work are mostly Germans and Swedes.

"Pool table pockets are all handmade. The largest producer of pool pockets is a concern in New York that employs at this work about thirty families, these mostly residing on Long Island. The bundles of material for the several families thus employed are made up in the shop and delivered to them, the finished pockets being at the same time collected.

"The knitting is done with a needle twenty inches in length, and the pockets are knitted with a peculiar knot that will not pull out. You might cut a hole in a pocket with a knife, but the hole would go no farther. As the pocket is knitted it will not pull or draw apart.

"Pool pockets are made of cotton, of wool and of silk. The first are sold for $1.25 or thereabouts a dozen. Silk pockets sell for about $10 a dozen.

"I should say that of all the pockets made perhaps half are of cotton, three-eighths of wool and one-eighth of silk. The pockets are most commonly green, but they are made in other colors as well—in maroon, for example, and in yellow and in blue for tables with cloths in those colors.

"Output? Well, the production of them is somewhat scattered. I should say that it might amount annually to about 10,000 dozen, valued on an average, roughly estimated, at $4 a dozen, making the total value of the output somewhere about $40,000."—New York Sun.

THE HOME DOCTOR.

A soft linen bandage saturated with a 1 per cent solution of carbolic acid is excellent for a blistered finger.

To relieve a nervous headache apply hot water to the temples and back of the neck. A hot footbath will also materially aid.

Earache can frequently be cured by wringing out a flannel in boiling water, sprinkling a few drops of laudanum on it and applying it to the ear.

A small quantity of vinegar will generally destroy immediately any insect that may find its way into the stomach, and a little salad oil will kill any insect that may enter the ear.

When your feet are very tired and hot, plunge them into a basin of cold water and keep them there until a sensation of warmth begins. Then dry them and put on fresh stockings and shoes.

A writer states that a teaspoonful of finely grated nutmeg in a teacupful of cold water taken night and morning the first day and then missing a day, repeated on the third day, is a sure cure for boils.

A Four Footed Bird.

There is a four footed bird, the Opisthocomus cristatus, which has such anomalies of structure that it is impossible to class it along with any other family. It is one of those survivors which tell us of extinct groups of whose past existence we would otherwise have remained forever ignorant. These, the only species of four footed birds, inhabit the island of Marajo in the lower Amazon. It is only during infancy that this remarkable feature of these birds is seen, the two fore feet appearing early in the development of the embryo and continuing perfectly formed for several days after hatching, when they are gradually shed. It is also known as the hoactzin or evil smelling bird, the flesh having an unpleasant odor, making it unpalatable to both man and carnivorous animals, which is probably one cause of its survival.

People Who Used to Eat Spiders.

The enjoyment of particular kinds of food is, after all, a matter of custom, and the African who revels in white ants is no more peculiar in his tastes than the European who eats cheese mites. A lady whom M. Reaumur knew was accustomed to devour spiders as fast as she could catch them, and a German lady gave it as her opinion that these creatures resembled in taste the most delicious nuts. A fellow countryman of this lady was in the habit of regularly hunting spiders in his own and his friends' houses. He used to spread them on bread, Rozel tells us, and vowed that they were far pleasanter to the palate than butter.—Cornhill Magazine.

Who He Was.

"Wait a minute, John. Don't read so fast. Who was it that there crowd turned out?"

"Eh? Turned out?"

"Yes; you read it there that the crowd turned out N. Mass. Who was N. Mass?"

"Why, I suppose he's some Frenchman. You ought to listen closer."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

He Could Cook.

"Can he cook?" asked the proprietor of the restaurant.

"Cook?" echoed the caller, who was rooting for a friend out of a job. "Can he cook? Say, I've seen that man make four squab pies out of one old pigeon!"—Chicago Tribune.

Apropos of the money question, nary a man in public life or out has yet developed a scheme which will give everybody all the money he wants.—Philadelphia Ledger.

A THIEVES' MARKET.

ONE OF THE PROMINENT PLACES IN THE CITY OF MEXICO.

Any Policeman Will Show You the Way to It and You May There Purchase Stolen Goods by the Single Piece or by the Carload.

If you want to know the time in the City of Mexico; if you need household goods, objects of art or of personal adornment; in fact, if there is anything you desire from a pincushion to a redhot stove—just ask a policeman.

He will point the way to the thieves' market without any more idea of laws that deal with those who receive stolen goods than if you had asked him the way to the best hotel in the city or to one of the theaters or to the National palace. The official of the law will not hesitate to tell you that it is directly across the street from the National palace, east of the Zocalo—the park of the peons—and that if you are timid about the size of the load you wish to take there the gate is large enough to drive the biggest truck through without inconvenience. It is a very simple matter to find the thieves' market.

It is no small establishment, but a city institution, with a court as large as a city block, and it is crowded from morning to night with those who are looking for bargains without the slightest idea of moral wrong in buying stolen goods. Indeed it is stated that now and then persons find property once belonging to them exposed there for sale at prices so reasonable that it would be absurd to go to law about it and lay up against the delightful convenient "manana" the trouble of appearing in court.

The market is just what its name implies—a thieves' market, where moths do not corrupt, because there is always a stream of purchasers for goods at ridiculous prices. Nothing remains in stock over a few days. Spread out on tables or piled high on the ground can be found samples of almost anything, for the Mexican ratero is not particular what he steals. The thieves do not themselves act as the salesmen, for this would be dishonest even to the Mexican mind. They dispose of their plunder either for a lump sum or take a commission from the sellers.

There is no assortment of goods as to class or kind. It is a case of pick and choose. Crockery, cutlery, tinware and cooking utensils are the main staples, for the Mexican is careless, and the thieves of his kind find this sort of plunder easy to get and with a ready market. The proprietor of one of the [illegible] restaurants admits that nearly all his knives, forks and table linen come from the thieves' market. He makes it a point regularly to visit there to replenish what may have been stolen from his own place.

But it is perhaps in the line of curiosities, books and objects of art that the thieves' market is most interesting. The libraries of the monks, scattered in the war of reform, are represented now and then. The thieves, of course, know nothing of the value of the books.

Recently a folio of Shakespeare, bound in vellum, in splendid condition, notwithstanding the long ago date of its publication, was picked up by a book lover for $1.50 in Mexican silver. Several bibliophiles of the United States have regular agents in the thieves' market, and it pays them.

With Maxmilian and his court many rare works of art came to Mexico. In the rush away from Mexico these were left behind. Within the last month a fan, beyond doubt by Watteau, was bought in the thieves' market for $8. The painting is still bright, the lace exquisite and rare, and the ivory sticks, inlaid with gold, are still intact.

Mexico's many wars have made the country an arsenal of obsolete weapons. Swords, guns and firearms from the time of Cortes to the present decade can be picked up in the thieves' market for little or nothing. Some of them, outside of their value as curios, are of intrinsic worth, as an American discovered not long ago. He bought for a trifle an old sword, tarnished and dirty. The style of the hilt pleased him. When he had it cleaned, he found that scabbard, hilt and blade were inlaid with rich gold of marvelous artistic design.—City of Mexico Letter in New York Times.

The Last Nickel.

The Philadelphia Record tells of a little Sunday school boy who always receives a nickel from his father to place in the collection plate. Last Sunday his father gave him two nickels, saying, "One is for the Lord, and the other is for yourself." As it was too early to start for Sunday school the little boy sat on the porch steps, playing with the two nickels. After awhile he dropped one of them, and it disappeared down a crack. Without a moment's hesitation and still clutching the remaining coin in his clinched fist, he looked up at his father, exclaiming, "Oh, pop, there goes the Lord's nickel!"

Dolls.

The ivory doll of the Roman child was too costly for the ages that followed the fall of the empire. For many centuries dolls must have been chiefly of home manufacture. The first shop made dolls after the middle ages were the jointed wooden dolls of the Netherlands. These were known in England and in this country, too, in colonial times as "Flanders babies."

There is a good deal of quiet satisfaction in seeing somebody else run against fresh paint.—Milwaukee Journal.

There is one admirable thing about a dog—he always acts natural.—Atchison Globe.

RIDING IN CHINA.

Using the Donkey, the Shentzu and the Wheelbarrow.

Here comes a gorgeously clad lady riding a donkey, her husband by her side. She rides straddle legs, but round her is drawn an embroidered petticoat, displaying all its beauties when riding, her face is painted and powdered, her lower lip is one large daub of vermillion, and her wonderfully dressed hair is shining with grease and gum. She wears no hat, however hot the day, but she carries a fan or an oil paper parasol, and she looks very glum as the barbarian passes, for he is not supposed to see her, though very probably she stoops and chatters to her lord and master once he is well out of the way.

Next there comes a shentzu—that is, a long chair with a hood hung between two mules walking tandem fashion. Sometimes there is another gayly dressed woman in it, sometimes a magistrate or other grandee, but oftenest of all come the shrieking, creaking wheelbarrows, the universal vehicle of China.

The wheel is in the middle, and there is a seat on either side, and the way those tortured wheels cry out is excruciating—the air is full of the sound. The Chinaman cannot be prevailed upon to grease them. In the first place, he is economical and would not waste the grease, and in the next he looks upon a silent wheel with suspicion. "Would you have him going like a thief?" he asks plaintively.

Nevertheless these wheelbarrows are the only wheeled vehicles, and a cooly will wheel two men and their baggage easily. The bishop of northern China declares he has traveled thousands of miles on a wheelbarrow.—Empire Review.

THE FIRST CAMERA.

It Was Invented by an Italian In the Sixteenth Century.

The camera was invented by an Italian named Baptista Porta, though it was not at first used for photographing. It was in reality merely a dark room, into which the light was admitted through a little round hole in one side. The rays of light coming from objects outside of this room entered it through this aperture and made a picture on the other side of the room glowing in all the beauty and color of nature itself, but rather indistinct and upside down.

This dark room was contrived by Porta about the middle of the sixteenth century. He improved it later by placing a glass lens in the aperture and outside a mirror which received the rays of light and reflected them through the lens so that that image upon the opposite wall within was made much brighter, more distinct and in a natural or erect position. This was really the first camera obscura, an invention which is enjoyed to the present day, being situated often upon a hilltop, where a picturesque country surrounding may be reflected through a lens which is placed in the center of the conical roof.

Now, our modern photographic camera is merely a small camera obscura in its simplest form, carrying a lens at one end and a ground glass screen at the other. It is, however, often much more complicated in its construction.

Shopping In Athens.

In his volume on "Modern Athens," George Horton says that shopping in the Greek capital is a more elaborate, time consuming and minute process even than with us. "The oriental method of doing business still prevails. The dealer sets a price, the buyer another, and often three or four hours of patient will contest pass before a compromise is reached. The patron asks, 'How much is this piece of silk?' 'One dollar a yard,' is the reply. 'Thirty cents' is offered. The merchant is thrown into something resembling an apoplectic fit. He swears by his father's soul that it cost 95 cents,

"The lady takes a seat with a sigh and after twenty minutes inquires innocently, 'Finally, 30 cents?' 'Never! But to keep you and not lose your custom, you may have it for what I paid, 95 cents.' 'You poor thing!' sighs the lady sarcastically. There are a dozen or more women sitting about the store. When finally the proprietor comes down to a price that one is willing to pay, she rises, receives her bundle and departs, declaring good naturedly that she had been swindled and that she will never come back again."

A Question of Ownership.

"Are you the man who advertises 'Own your own home?'" said the dejected looking caller.

"I am," answered the real estate dealer.

"Well, I'd like to get the recipe."

"The what?"

"The recipe. The modus operandi. I want to know what to do to own my own home. Our cook has a temper like a raging lion and muscles like Hercules. If you can, tell me how to dispossess her. Money's no object."—Washington Star.

As One Being.

Edith—I hear that you and Fred are quite interested in one another.

Bertha—Don't you tell a soul, Edith, but really I believe Fred and I were made for each other. We have played golf together three times, and we never have quarreled, except two or three times when Fred was clearly in the wrong.—Boston Transcript.

He Wasn't It.

"My dear Miss Billmore," sadly wrote young Hankinson, "I return herewith your kind note, in which you accept my offer of marriage. You will observe that it begins 'Dear George.' I do not know who George is, but my name, as you know, is William."—Chicago Tribune.

VERY MUCH WANTED

The Last Few Years Has Shown a Remarkable Increase of Sleeplessness—How to Overcome It.

Sleeplessness is one of the most prolific sources producing weak, nervous and restless condition. There is no sense in using opiates, they only undermine the constitution. Nothing has ever been known to perfectly control this condition until the advent of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. Their action is so gentle and soothing, sweeet refreshing sleep follows, then nature has a chance to build up.

Mrs. S. H. Sankey, of No. 203 Oak St., Philipsburg, Pa., says: "I can recommend Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills to anyone who from overwork, overstrain or excitement finds themselves in a run down, nervous, sleepless condition. The Nerve Pills were recommended to me and I got some. Their work was of a character that not only permits but makes it a pleasure for me to recommend them to others as a nerve tonic capable of giving strength, nerve steadiness and sleep.

By calling at Krumrine's Drug Store information can be obtained regarding this great success of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and how they were first introduced by proof of their merit.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D. are on every package.

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect Nov. 26, 1900.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Le ve Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.06 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 7.35 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.45 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m

Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2 43 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12 40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m, leave Williamsport 1.05 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.55 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 860 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. B. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect May 27, 1900.

Westward.			Eastward
p m	a m		a m	p m
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 55
1 45	5 35	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 57	6 47	Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 05	6 55	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 07	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 13	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11	Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD
Time table in effect Nov. 26, 1900

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
7 20	3 20	8 20	..... Tyrone	8 5-	11 29	6 10
7 26	3 36	8 26	...East Ty ...	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28		8 28	.....Tyrone.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 40	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5 59
7 41	3 51	8 42	...Vanscoyoc...	8 38	11 02	5 52
7 45	3 55	8 47	.....Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 48
7 54	4 05	8 57	..Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5 39
8 00	4 12	9 05	.....Summit	8 20	10 44	5 32
8 04	4 16	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 39	5 28
8 06	4 18	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 21
8 07	4 20	9 12	.....Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 30	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	5 08
		9 26	.Osceola Junct		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 34	9 30	....Boynton.....	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 23	4 38	9 32	.....Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 41	9 40	...Philipsburg...	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 57	9 48	.....Graham	7 46	10 07	4 51
8 36	5 02	9 50	... Blue Ball....	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	5 08	9 56	....Wallaceton...	7 36	9 56	4 39
8 47	5 14	10 02	.....Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	5 20	10 08	....Woodland....	7 26	9 45	4 27
8 56	5 22	10 11	Mineral Spr'gs	7 25	9 42	4 25
9 00	5 26	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 39	4 20
9 05	5 30	10 22	.....Leonard.....	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 37	10 26	....Clearfield	7 13	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 44	10 32	....Riverview....	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 50	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 25	6 05	10 44	..Curwensville ..	7 00	9 15	3 51
	6 11	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 54		3 35
	6 19	10 58	.....Stronach	6 46		3 27
	6 25	11 04	....Grampian	6 40		3 21
M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 20, 1901.

Westward.				Eastward.		
55	53	51		50	52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven...	10 30	2 17	9 30
3 49		8 59	... Flemington ...	10 24	2 13	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 11	9 24
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek...	10 11	2 01	9 13
4 05	12 29	9 15	.....Eagleville...	10 08	1 58	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	..... Howard.....	9 59	1 49	9 01
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	1 43	8 55
4 25	12 48	9 34	..... Curtin.....	9 49	1 39	8 51
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 40	1 31	8 43
4 44	1 05	9 53	.....Bellefonte,....	9 28	1 20	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	.....Milesburg	9 18	1 14	8 23
4 56	1 16	10 04	..Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 11	8 20
5 03	1 25	10 11	....Unionville.....	9 07	1 05	8 12
5 12	1 31	10 20	.....Julian	8 56	12 56	8 03
5 21	1 39	10 28	.....Martha.....	8 49	12 51	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 36	..Port Matilda...	8 42	12 45	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	.....Hannah.....	8 34	12 39	7 40
5 37		10 46	.....Fowler.....	8 33	12 37	7 38
5 40		10 49	.....Dix.....	8 30	12 35	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	....Bald Eagle...	8 24	12 29	7 29
5 50	2 05	11 00	.....Vail	8 20	12 25	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	..East Tyrone...	8 16	12 21	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 15	7 15
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accm.	Exp.			EASTWARD. Mail.	Exp.	Bellf Acc
1*	*5	*3		*2	*4	6*
a.m	p m	a m	Lv	Ar	a m	p m	p m
8 30	4 15	10 20	Bellefonte	8 55	2 40	6 4
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville	8 40	2 25	6 3
f8 38	f4 25	f10 42	Morris	f 8 37	f2 22	f6 27
f8 43	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 32	f2 17	f6 23
f8 46	f4 32	f10 53	Hunters	f8 29	f2 13	f6 21
f8 50	f4 36	f10 56	Fillmore	f8 25	f2 09	f6 18
f8 55	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly	f8 20	f2 05	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle	8 50	1 55	6 10
f7 03	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 16	f1 52	f6 07
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 25	State College	8 00	1 20	5 45
f7 27	f5 05	f11 34	Struble	f7 48	f1 34	f5 25
f7 31	f5 10		Bloomsdorf	f7 43		f5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 38		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 9 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

f stops on flag. * Daily except Sunday.

P. H. THOMAS, Supt.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m		STATIONS.	p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	3 15
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	4 56
10 01	5 55	Milesburg	5 05
9 53	5 42	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	5 20

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN.			June 17, 1901.		READ UP		
No. 1	No. 5	No. 3			No. 6	No. 2	No. 4
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	Lv.	Ar.	p m	a.m.	p.m
*7 10	*6 40	*2 40	Bellefonte		9 15	9 40	5 10
7 22	6 52	2 52	Nigh		9 02	9 27	4 57
7 28	6 58	2 58	Zion		8 56	9 21	4 51
7 33	7 03	3 03	Heela Park		8 51	9 16	4 46
7 35	7 05	3 05	Dunkles		8 49	9 14	4 44
7 39	7 09	3 09	Hublersburg		8 45	9 10	4 40
7 43	7 13	3 13	Snydertown		8 41	9 06	4 36
7 46	7 16	3 16	Nittany		8 38	9 03	4 33
7 48	7 19	3 18	Huston		8 35	9 00	4 30
7 51	7 21	3 21	Lamar		8 32	8 57	4 27
7 53	7 23	3 23	Clintondale		8 29	8 54	4 24
7 57	7 27	3 27	Krider's S'n'g		8 25	8 49	4 19
8 02	7 29	3 32	Mackeyville		8 19	8 43	4 13
8 08	7 34	3 38	Cedar Springs		8 12	8 37	4 07
8 10	7 40	3 40	Salona		8 10	8 35	4 05
8 15	7 42	3 45	Mill Hall		*8 05	*8 30	*4 00
	7 47		(NEW YORK CENT.)				
11 45		8 38	Jersey Shore		7 55	3 25	
12 20		9 10	Arr (WM'PORT) Lve		7 25	*2 50	
12 34		11 30	Lve (Arr		*7 0	2 30	
			(PHILA AND READING RY)				
2 19		7 00	PHILA		12 01	*8 36	
10 40		2 50	NEW YORK (Via Phila)		9 25	*4 30	
p.m			Ar.	Lv.	p.m.	a.m	

*Daily. * Week Days, $ 6 00 p. m. Sunday 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 12 01 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent

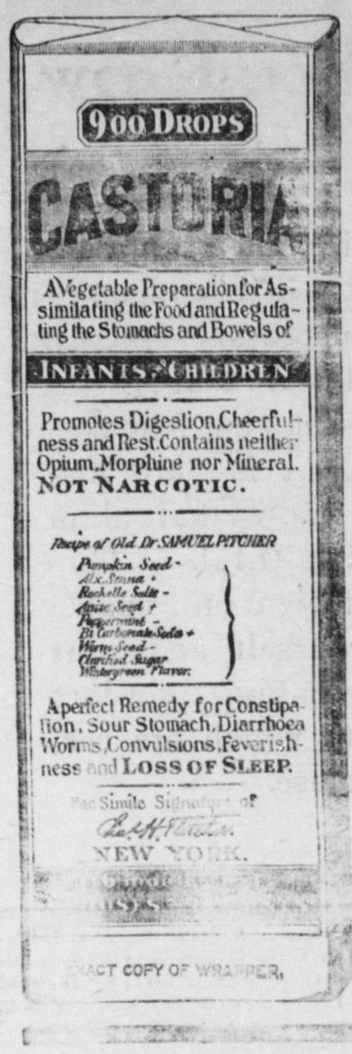
The People's National Family Newspaper!

New-	Published Monday, Wednesday and Friday, is in reality a fine, fresh, every-other-day Daily, giving the latest news on days of issue, and covering news of the other three. It contains all important foreign cable news which appears in THE DAILY TRIBUNE of same date, also Domestic and Foreign Correspondence, Short Stories, Elegant Halftone Illustrations, Humorous Items, Industrial information, Fashion Notes, Agricultural Matters and Comprehensive and reliable Financial and Market reports. Regular subscription price, $1.50 per year. We furnish it with the REPUBLICAN for $1.75 per year.	New
York		York
Tri-		
Weekly		Weekly
Tribune		Tribune

Published on Thursday and known for nearly sixty year in every part of the United States as a National Family Newspaper of the highest class, for farmers and villagers. It contains all the most important general news of THE DAILY TRIBUNE up to hour of going to press, an Agricultural Department of the highest order has entertaining reading for every member of the family old and young Market Reports which are accepted as authority by farmers and country merchants and is clean up-to-date, interesting and instructive. Regular subscription price, $1.00 per year. We furnish it with the REPUBLICAN for $1.25 per year.

Send all orders to

THE REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Pa.,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CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

EIGHTY THE ESTIMATE!

Probable Number of Lives Lost in the Wabash Railroad Horror.

SUPERINTENDENT SAYS IT'S HIGH

But Those Early on the Scene of the Disaster Think Otherwise—Ticket Collector Eames Has Not Yet Made His Report.

A JURY SWORN IN THE CASE

DETROIT, Nov. 29.—When darkness came last night over the scene of Wednesday evening's awful calamity on the Wabash railroad near Seneca, Michigan, those who had been investigating the disaster had found nothing to alter the estimate of about 80 lives lost as a result of the collision.

Superintendent Geo. M, Burns, of the division on which the wreck occurred, insists that the estimate is too high. "I do not consider," said he, "that the total death list will exceed 20." However, in support of the large estimate it is pointed out that there are now 14 passengers known to be dead. The bodies of eight of these have been recovered and it is to be considered that the fragments of other bodies now in the morgue at Adrian will account for more than the twelve dead necessary to make up Supt. Burns' estimate of 20.

In addition to the comparatively few fragments recovered and sent to the morgue those who were early on the scene say that many more pieces were discovered which crumbled to powder while they were being removed.

Supt. Burns said to the Associated Press last night that he was unable to tell the exact number of Italian immigrants aboard the train No. 13, but thought that there were not more than 50 passengers on the train and a number of those who were early on the scene dispute this and say the number was nearer 80.

Supt. Burns has received no report as yet from Ticket Collector Eames, of train 13, who probably knows nearer than any one else the number of Italians on the cars.

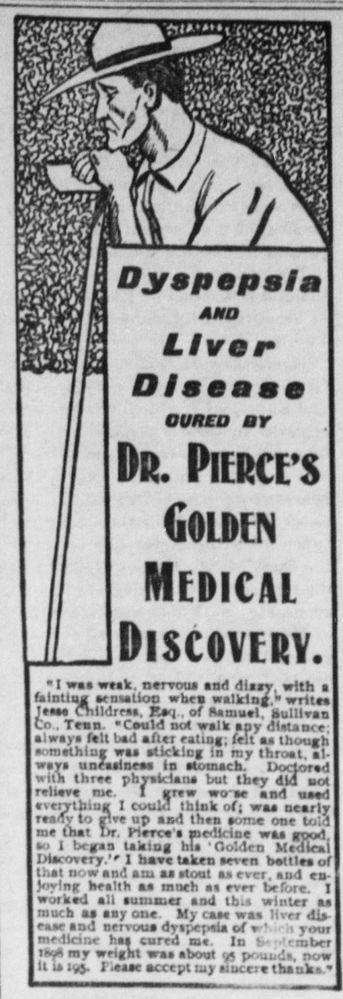
Coroner Hamilton, of Adrian, yesterday afternoon impanelled a jury and will begin an inquest into the disaster this morning.

All the jurors are prominent in the business affairs of the little city of Adrian. No steps have been taken as yet toward the arrest of Engineer Strong who, Supt. Burns says, is responsible for the collision and holocaust.

The official list of the dead given to local papers shows the names of but 10 dead and 48 injured, but Detroit newspaper men who were at the scene of the wreck and talked with survivors of both trains say that the official list does not bear out the statements of the passengers nor evidence of the horrible loss of life which they witnessed at the spot where the accident occurred.

The Free Press this morning says that the loss of life was in round numbers 100 and that the statements made by the Italian immigrants in train No. 13 bear out this claim. These immigrants say that there were about 125 of their nationality on the train and that only about 25 of them escaped.

While there are only 10 of them known to be dead, it is asserted that the other 90 were completely incinerated and that with the removal of the wreckage the bodies crumbled to dust, which was scattered by the wind which swept across the country. If the names of these dead are ever known it will be when friends make inquiry for them, and in many instances this seems highly improbable.



Dyspepsia AND Liver Disease CURED BY DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

"I was weak, nervous and dizzy, with a fainting sensation when walking," writes Jesse Childress, Esq., of Samuel, Sullivan Co., Tenn. "Could not walk any distance; always felt bad after eating; felt as though something was sticking in my throat, always uneasiness in stomach. Doctored with three physicians but they did not relieve me. I grew worse and used everything I could think of; was nearly ready to give up and then some one told me that Dr. Pierce's medicine was good, so I began taking his 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I have taken seven bottles of that now and am as stout as ever, and enjoying health as much as ever before. I worked all summer and this winter as much as any one. My case was liver disease and nervous dyspepsia of which your medicine has cured me. In September 1898 my weight was about 95 pounds, now it is 195. Please accept my sincere thanks."

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK!

Lack of Cars to Handle Shipments Still Complained Of.

LABOR TROUBLES ALSO ENTER

And Between the Two Business is Compelled to Wait at Least to Some Extent—Pig Iron Advances in Prices.

WHAT IS DOING IN THE CEREALS

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade this morning says:

When consumptive demand equals or exceeds supply and prices are firmly held at exceptionally high level, it is generally considered that there is little to be desired in the business situation. These factors are now in evidence to an unusual extent, yet many industries are halting. The principal disturbing element is the lack of cars to handle the phenomenal shipments that are urgently needed. In the same connection there have appeared numerous labor controversies among switchmen, freight handlers, river pilots, miners and other allied workmen, which combined [illegible] of transportation [illegible].

A [illegible] to the price of pig iron [illegible] p[illegible] ma[illegible]y [illegible] Birmingham [illegible] pig for [illegible] Pittsburg [illegible] available [illegible] reported at further [illegible] from to the Chicago [illegible] higher. Buying of railway supplies is the most urgent feature. Rails, cars, engines, structural material for bridges and shop equipments all being wanted much earlier than they can be delivered. In general lines the movement is scarcely less active and at present the business in 1902 appears to be limited but it is probable that producing capacity will be greatly enlarged. The feature among the minor metals was the sharp advance in tin to much the highest point of the year because of delayed arrivals.

In marked contrast to the rise in tin was a sharp decline in silver to the lowest price since early in 1898.

Shoe shops at the east are fully employed while western producers were never before so actively engaged. Leather sells freely at full figures and dry hides are another fraction higher. Recent buying of cotton goods for China has stimulated the export movement and for the year thus far the value shows an increase over any preceding year. Asia and South America are the leading customers. Conditions are even more favorable at woolen mills, one concern refusing a large order for delivery in February.

Another high record for the season was established by corn, not alone because of speculative operations, although these were most agressive at the west. Even at the recent level of prices which surpassed, all high points in about ten years it has proved futile to undertake commitments on the short side of the market. Domestic requirements alone provide the limit of strength, for outside buying is only about 15 per cent. of the business in previous years. Atlantic exports for the week were 528,178 bushels against 3,570,696 last year.

Receipts come forward slowly, despite the attractive prices for the week, amounting to only 2,208,279 bushels against 3,386,370 last year.

Wheat also held firmly, closing the week more than 4 cents a bushel in advance of the price a year ago, which is most satisfactory in view of the vast increase in yield.

Failures for the week numbered 182 in the United States, against 178 last year, and twenty-five in Canada, against twenty-one last year.

Use It Daily.

Our brush should be used daily in place of the ordinary hair brush, hair washes, or hair growers. If you do not find, after six months' trial, that

Dr. Scott's ELECTRIC Hair Brush

will do all we claim for it send it back and your money will be refunded. You can buy the number one size for

One Dollar.

It Is Guaranteed to Cure

Nervous Headache in five minutes!
Bilious Headache in five minutes!
Neuralgia in five minutes!
Dandruff [illegible] es of it
Prevents hair [illegible] and g[illegible]
For sale at Dry G[illegible]derers and Druggists
or sent on appro[illegible] postpaid, on receipt of price and [illegible]ons for postage.
Our book, entitled "[illegible]'S STORY," [illegible]
Dr. Scott's Electric Coils, $5.00 Dr. Electric [illegible]
Electric Belts, $5, $7 and $9. Electric Flesh Brushes, $1.
Electric Silky Bunch, $1. Electric Suspensories, $2.
Electric Insoles, Electric Trusses, &c.
GEO. A. SCOTT, 125 Fulton St., N. Y.

UNION MEETING.

Thanksgiving Services Held in the Methodist Church.

Union Thanksgiving services were held in the Methodist church Thursday morning at 10:30 o'clock which proved very interesting and profitable. The attendance however was not near as large as the occasion deserved. Rev. Wilford P. Shriner D. D. presided and the music was furnished by a Union choir.

The scripture lessons were read by Rev. T. J. Askew, of the A. M. E. church, and Missioner R. Crittenden. Rev. Ambrose Schmidt made an earnest prayer after which Dr. Willian Laurie, of the Presbyterian church, delivered an eloquent sermon, appropriate to the occasion.

The closing prayer was made by Dr. H. C. Holloway, of the Lutheran church and the benediction was pronounced by Dr. Laurie.

—The Thanksgiving day services in the different churches Thursday were not as largely attended as they should have been, especially when we consider the great prosperity of our country at the present time.

HOME AND CHILD

Does your horse "feel his oats"? What a difference between the grain-fed and the grass-fed horse! The first strong and full of ginger, the second flabby, weak and tired out before he begins. The feeding makes the difference.

Children are not alike either. One is rosy, bright-eyed, full of life and laughter, another is pale, weak and dull. The feeding again is responsible.

Sickly children need special feeding. They don't "feel their oats". Scott's Emulsion adds just the right richness to their diet. It is like grain to the horse. The child gets new appetite and strong digestion.

Scott's Emulsion is more than food. It is a strong medicine. It rouses up dull children, puts new flesh on thin ones and red blood into pale ones. It makes children grow. Scott's Emulsion makes ordinary food do its duty.

This picture represents the Trade Mark of Scott's Emulsion and is on the wrapper of every bottle.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE,
409 Pearl St., New York.
50c and $1. all druggists.

Anecdote of an Up-Stream Man.

Mike Fink, they tell us, was a king among the keel-boatmen at the date of the introduction of steam-craft upon the Ohio and the Mississippi; a man of medium height, weighing about 180 pounds, all bone and brawn, a champion with the rifle, a master in fisticuffs, a hard drinker, a hard worker, of temper alternately sullen and merry, and of a sheer physical force which dominated all he met in his rude calling. This is the man who figures in a well-known anecdote recounted by different early writers. It seems that he had a bosom friend named Carpenter, with whom he was wont to engage in certain risky pastime. "Carpenter and Mike used to fill a tin cup with whiskey," says one chronicler, "and place it by turns on each other's heads, and shoot at it with a rifle at the distance of seventy yards. It was always bored through without injury to the one on whose head it was placed. This feat is too well authenticated to admit of question. It was often performed, and they liked the feat the better because it showed their confidence in each other." Yet it fell out that after a long and much tried friendship these two at last had a quarrel which parted them, and it was some time before their friends could bring about a reconciliation. A truce was patched up, however, and, to bind it, the two agreed to resort heir old test of amity. Mike won the toss, and it was Carpenter who was chosen by fate to carry the tin cup for the other's aim. Carpenter knew what was to follow, and he then and there made his will giving his rifle, pistols and equipment to his friend Talbot. He was to proud to ask for his life, though he knew Mike Fink's treachery and relentlessness. Folding his arms, Carpenter stood calm and steady with the cup on his head. Fink shot him square through the forehead, and then calmly chided him for spilling the contents of the cup. He pretended remorse when told he had killed his friend. Justice on the frontier overtook him, when Talbot, at a later day, shot him with one of the pistols Carpenter had bequeathed to him.

—Sadness still lingers in the hearts of many on account of the death of Miss Berenice Moore and every day something turns up to attest her remarkable talent in art. The day after her death a letter addressed to her came from the Academy of Fine Arts in Philadelphia bearing the helpful message that her study, which she had called "Motherhood," had taken the prize for sepias in the great exhibit that had included the works of all American and foreign photographers of note. While the message came too late to be of cheer to the young artist it bears tribute to her talent and will be a monument to the work of her short life. She had worked very hard just before her death on her exhibits for the Academy.—Watchman.

Mrs. Sebastian Branstetter, of Cambria City, a suburb of Johnstown, left her home on Saturday evening to purchase some groceries. She left her two children Julian, aged 3 years, and Francis, less than a year old, alone in the house. The smaller child was not large enough to be out of his baby carriage. In a few minutes the mother returned to find Francis enveloped in flames and the carriage in which he rested burning. The child was fatally burned, dying on Sunday morning.

—Germany and Britain have stopped making faces at eath other.

Resolutions Adopted by Gregg Post No. 95 G. A. R.

Ex-Governor D. H. [illegible] time ago, presented to Gregg Post, a magnificent engraving, handsomely framed, of the late President McKinley, and at a meeting of the Post held subsequently the following resolutions were unanimously adopted.

WHEREAS—Ex Governor Hastings, has presented to our Post, an elegant steel engraving, beautifully framed, of our late President and Comrade, William McKinley, and

WHEREAS—By this generous gift, he has placed us under renewed obligations, for the many substantial favors, of which Gregg Post has been the recipient from his hands, and in order to show our appreciation, it is,

Resolved—That in receiving, and accepting, this handsome, and appropriate gift, We, as a Post, extend to Hon. Daniel H. Hastings, our sincere thanks for his great kindness.

That it be given a prominent place in our Post Room, and

That a copy of this Resolution, signed by the Commander of the Post and attested by the Adjutant, be presented to him.

JAMES HARRIS,
Com. Gregg Post, No. 95 G. A. R.
Attest, JOHN NOLL,
Adjutant.

Saw Death Near.

"It often made my heart ache," writes L. C. Overstreet, of Elgin, Tenn. "to hear my wife cough until it seemed her weak and sore lungs would collapse. Good doctors said she was so far gone with consumption that no medicine or earthly help could save her, but a friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery and persistent use of this excellent medicine saved her life." Its absolutely guaranteed for coughs, colds, bronchitis, Asthma and all throat and lung diseases. 50c and $1.00 at F. Potts Green's drug store. Trial bottles free.

Sudden Death.

Willis Ripka, of Altoona, died very suddenly and unexpectedly in a field at Pine Grove Mills Thursday afternoon while hunting rabbits. Mr. Ripka and several companions were out for a day's hunt and he had just shot a rabbit when he was noticed to grow deathly sick and died before aid could be given him.

He was born in Pine Grove Mills 35 years and 8 months ago and leaves a wife and two small children aged respectively 5 and 2 years in Altoona. His aged parents and one sister, Sarah, residing at Pine Grove Mills, and a sister, Mrs. John Fagen, of Philipsburg, also survive him.

He was a member of Penns Valley Lodge, No. 276, I. O. O. F., which organization will have charge of the funeral, to take place Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment in new cemetery at Pine Grove Mill, Rev. Aikens officiating.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

—Terry McGovern went up against it hard.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
C. M. Parrish.

—The next attraction booked for Garman's opera house is "Old Arkansaw," which will appear there Friday evening, December 6.

Yeager & Davis Branching Out.

Yeager & Davis have purchased a shoe store at Philipsburg and will conduct it in the future in connection with their store here. In speaking of the matter the Philipsburg *Journal* of recent date says:

J. N. Schoonover, proprietor of the Schoonover Shoe Co., because of his duties as tax collector and his connection with the Citizens Water Co., etc., has disposed of his business to Yeager & Davis, the well known Bellefonte shoe men, who are now busy taking an inventory and will open again on Thursday of next week when, they will offer their stock at a great sacrifice and add a large line of all the latest makes of shoes. Mr. Schoonover sold his stock of goods to this new firm at a great sacrifice in order to get good men to come to Philipsburg. That he has succeeded is well known to the very many who have already heard of the excellent reputation these gentlemen sustain throughout the county. We welcome them most heartily to our town and wish them great success.

—With an annual profit of over $100,000,000 to contemplate, the stockholders of the big steel trust ought to have a merry Christmas.

—Panama has usurped Pan-American in the news columns.

Beetles Ruin a Stone Church.

MIDDLETOWN, O., Nov. 30.—The First Presbyterian church building of this city is being ruined by a beetle that is eating its way into the stone, causing it to crumble. The church is one of the finest in Southwestern Ohio and is built of brown sand stone.

For some time myriads of small holes have been noticed in the church sides. Investigation showed that each hole extended in for about two inches, after which it widened into a small room in which a beetle lived. Several of the insects were taken out, together with cocoons. The tower of the church is fairly riddled with the holes.

The beetles are similar to those that inhabit limestone quarries and often play havoc with the sides of the quarry in which they live. They are brown, have four legs and large knife-like jaws. A similar beetle that eats into steel rails is known to exist in Germany.

Pill Age.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 10 cents a vial, are planned after the most modern in medical science. They are as great an improvement over the 50 years old slong dose pill formula as a bicycle is over an ox-cart in travel. They never gripe and they never fail. 40 doses 10 cents, or 100 doses 25 cts.—63

Sold by F. P. Green.

Bathgate—Felty.

Mr. F. Woods Bathgate and Miss Laura C. Felty, of Altoona, were married at Schuylkill Haven, Dauphin county, Pa., on Wednesday, Nov. 27 at 7 o'clock. From there they have gone to spend two weeks at Boston and New York City, stopping off several days in Philadelphia. After December 12th 1901, they will be located in Altoona.

Mr. Bathgate was originally from Lemont.

The Eminent Kidney and Bladder Specialist.

The Discoverer of Swamp-Root at Work in His Laboratory.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Then the richness of the blood—the albumen—leaks out and the sufferer has Bright's Disease, the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** the new discovery is the true specific for kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. It has cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases, after all other efforts have failed. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. A sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling about Swamp-Root and its wonderful cures. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. and mention this paper.

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS

Local Department.

—"Old Arkansaw" will be seen at Garman's opera house on the night of Dec. 6th.

—Charles Roland, whose store at Moshannon was destroyed by fire some time ago, has rebuilt the same.

—A lazy liver makes a lazy man. Burdock Blood Bitters is the natural, never failing remedy for a lazy liver.

—Prof. John Meyer, who has been very ill with inflammation of the bowels is reported to be rapidly improving.

—The residence of Isaac Longacre on Penn street is quarantined, one of the children being ill with scarlet fever.

—Ordinary household accidents have no terrors when there is a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the medicine chest. Heals cuts, burns, bruises, sprains. Instant relief.

—The residence of W. R. Jenkins on High street is quarantined for scarlet fever. His little daughter, Dorothy, is the sufferer.

—"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwell, Valley street, Saugertiee, N. Y.

—Fifty-two employees of the Logan Iron and Steel Company at Lewistown have quit work because of the appointment of a colored foreman over them.

—Farmers' Institute will be held at Stormstown Monday and Tuesday, December 30 and 31, 1901, under the personal direction of Hon. John A. Woodward.

—The amusement committee of Gregg Post, No. 95; G. A. R., has arranged to present Lyman H. Howe's celebrated moving pictures in the opera house Monday night, December 30.

—John S. Furst, formerly of this place but now of Williamsport, while hunting near Snow Shoe, Centre county, on Thursday, killed a deer. It was shipped to Williamsport Friday and weighed about 100 pounds.

—Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems especially adapted to the needs of the children. Pleasant to take; soothing in its influence, it is the remedy of all remedies for every form of throat and lung trouble.

—General Secretary F. H. Gamel of the Y. M. C. A., delivered a stirring address at the Salvation Army meeting Sunday night to a large audience. Many people drove in from the surrounding county to hear the services.

Fire Near Howard.

Alfred Bechtel's barn, near Howard, was destroyed by fire Friday night. The origin of the flames is a mystery, but as no member of the family was near the building after dark, it is believed that an incendiary started the fire. The flames broke out about midnight. In addition to the barn, all the other outbuildings except the ice house were burned. All the season's crops, farm implements a colt and a calf were also burned. The barn was one of the largest in the Bald Eagle Valley. Mr. Bechtel's dwelling was burned several years ago. When he rebuilt, he erected the new house on the opposite side of the road. This dwelling was not harmed. Mr. Bechtel's loss is estimated at $3,000; partly insured.

Mrs. Sarah Johnson.

Mrs. Sarah Johnson, of Boalsburg, expired suddenly Tuesday morning at ten o'clock, while sitting on her chair. She was advanced in age, being eighty four years old. The deceased lived in the house in which she died for sixty years. The funeral took place Friday morning; interment in the Branch cemetery.

She was a devout christian lady, a member of the Presbyterian church, exceedingly active, and was disposed to take care of herself. Only a few years prior to her death she was observed chopping wood. Her home was near the creek, but it is said that only once during the sixty years of her life that she lived there did she cross it. Rev. D. E. Hepler, her pastor, performed the funeral services.

The Rogers-Grilley Recitals.

Wednesday evening, December 11, under the direction of the Institute management, The Rogers-Grilley Recitals will be given in the Court House. This is a charming and unique entertainment. In speaking of them the Boston Herald says:

"The Rogers-Grilley Recitals, at Association Hall, was one of the most successful of the season. Mr. Rogers is a soloist of the first rank, and his numbers were enthusiastically received. Mr. Grilley's work is out of the ordinary line of entertainers, being decidedly original in every way. His selections were a feature long to be remembered."

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for Dec. 2nd 1901.

F. N. Gross, Lula Hanna, Mike John, Stella Lucas, Funk & Lilly, Norris Mercer, H. C. Newcomb, (2); Mrs. M. Padrick, N. E. Stevens.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

NOVEMBER COURT.

The Trial of Cases is Moving Along Slowly at Second Week of Court.

Specially Reported by W. Harrison Walker.

The second week of November court convened Monday morning at 9:30 with Hon. John G. Love, president judge, on the bench and Prothonotary Gardner and Register Archey in their usual places.

Quite a number of motions and petitions were presented.

The case of Laura S. Kephart vs. Harry M. Kephart was called Monday forenoon. This was an action of divorce. The plaintiff testified that she was lawfully married to the defendant on the 3rd day of March, 1894, and that they lived together as man and wife until about the 1st of November, 1896. That since that time the defendant has deserted his wife and refused to live with her. She also testified that her husband had abused her by flourishing revolvers at her at different times; by threatening to shoot her; by striking her; by shaking her; by attempting to throw her out of the window. The defendant did not appear. The jury rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff.

J. H. Wetzel, Esq., Edward McKinley and John C. Wagner were appointed viewers to view and lay out a public road in Union township.

A. A. Dale, Esq, Charles Heisler and Geo. A. Bayard were appointed viewers to view and lay out a bridge over Buffalo Run, near Coleville.

A subpoena in divorce was awarded in the case of Mary Ellen Raymond vs. John F. Raymond.

W. M. Grove, T. M. Gramley and John D. Long were appointed viewers to view and vacate a public road in Miles township.

The jury rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for the land described in the writ and costs of suit in the case of Jonathan G. Royer vs. M. S. Betz and John Gradon.

A verdict was rendered for plaintiff in the case of George Kauffman vs. M. S. Betz and John Gradon, for land described in the writ, without costs. The same kind of a verdict was rendered in the case of John W. Eby vs. M. S. Betz and John Gradon.

A non suit was entered in the case of Mary E. Leathers and John L. Kurtz vs. J. Howard Tipton and Rebecca Tipton, defendants, with notice to Francis T. McIntire, et al., terre tenants. This was a scire facias to revive and continue the lien of a judgment.

The case of Samuel A. Bruss versus Geo. W. Barner was settled by the parties.

The case of R. T. Clayton vs The Nittany Rod and Gun Club was settled by the parties. This was an action of assumpsit.

E. R. Chambers, Esq., was appointed an auditor by the court to audit the accounts of the Prothonotary, Recorder and Register for the year 1901.

The first case called Tuesday morning was that of The Johnston Harvesting Company vs. A. H. Krumrine, being an action of assumpsit to recover the prices of a binder sold to this defendant by Geo. E. Corl who was acting as agent for plaintiff company in 1899.

From the evidence it appeared that the defendant signed a contract for a machine some time in the early part of 1899 and that the machine was shipped to Struble station, this county, and properly set up and delivered to Mr. Krumrine; that Mr. Krumrine operated the binder for a while, cut his wheat crop with it and when he attempted to cut his oats he found that it did not do the work in a satisfactory manner; that the agent was sent for to put the machine in proper working order, but that he could not do so. The machine was then returned to Mr. Corl, who was the agent, Mr. Krumrine stating that it did not do the work satisfactorily and that he would not keep the machine.

Payment was demanded by the company which Mr. Krumrine refused. Suit was then brought. The plaintiff company had a written guarantee attached to the order or contract in which it was set forth that in case the binder did not work that the company should be notified at once. The defendant did not notify the company at their offices in Harrisburg but told Mr. Corl, the agent. Counsel for the company asked the Court to give binding instructions to the jury, giving as a reason that the company did not receive the notice as was required in the written guarantee, and that therefore the company was entitled to a verdict for the amount claimed, which is $117.50. The Court refused to give the instructions to the jury asked for and at 3:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon the jury retired. The jury brought in a verdict in favor of the defendant.

The cases of A. D. Potts vs. A. McCoy and J. Frank McCoy, trading as A. McCoy & Son, were continued.

A non suit was entered in the case of Mary J. Odenkirk, executrix of, &c., of John H. Odenkirk, dec'd. vs. James P. Odenkirk, def't, Isaac Showers, et al.

The case of Lilly Fleck vs. Valentine A. Fleck, being for a divorce, was continued,

W. C. Farner, et al., trustees for the Centre Hall congregation of the Evangelical Association, vs. Joseph Alters, et al., trustees of the United Evangelical church of Centre Hall, being an ejectment. Defendants filed an amended abstract of title and case continued until next term of court.

The case of Wm. P. Lucas, administrator of, &c., of Austin Lucas, dec'd, use of Martha Lucas, vs. Philip S. Iddings was called and jury challenged, but before they were sworn the parties made a settlement of the case. It was a sci. fa. sur. judgment. Plea of nil. debit entered.

The jury rendered a verdict in favor of plaintiff in the sum of $205.64 in the case of Schmitt & Schwanenflugal vs. Geo. E. Lamb.

The next case called was that of W. M. Grove vs. James Bartley, Geo. Sheasley and Kate Confer, which was an action of replevin to recover possession of certain household goods that were claimed by said plaintiff. From the evidence it appeared that Grove rented a house and lot to Mr. Bartley and in the agreement between the parties it was stipulated that in the event of Mr. Bartley's failure to pay the rent as it became due, the household goods, etc., were to become the property of Mr. Grove. The rent was not paid and a writ of replevin was then placed in the hands of the sheriff with directions to replevy the property.

The sheriff was unable to find all the property specified in the article of agreement as well as in the writ, but what was found was claimed by Geo. Sheasley and Kate Confer. This suit is to determine the title to the property replevied by the sheriff. The verdict of the jury will appear later.

The case of Robert Kinkead vs. Rosa L. Pierce, of Philipsburg, was continued on the ground of sickness of the defendant.

DEATH OF ROBERT GLENN.

Passed Away Saturday Night at His Sister's Home in This Place.

It is with regret that we chronicle the death of Robert Glenn, who for many years was a highly respected citizen of Benner township and who for the past two years has been a resident of Bellefonte.

He had been in failing health for some time past which necessitated his giving up the active conduct of his Benner township farm. Kidney disease was his trouble and death came to end his suffering Saturday evening at a quarter of eleven at the home of his sister, Mrs. Jane G. Brown, on East Howard street.

The deceased was born in County Antrim, Ireland, 67 years ago on the 3rd of last August. He came to this country in 1848 and most of his life has been spent in Benner township. He was married twice, both wives preceding him to the grave many years ago. He is survived by two sisters, namely, Mrs. Jane G. Brown, of Bellefonte, and Mrs. Nancy G. Brower, of Benner township.

He was a member of the Buffalo Run Presbyterian church, and an earnest Christian gentleman.

The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence of Mrs. Brown. Rev. William Laurie, D. D, LL. D., officiating. Interment in the Union cemetery.

Saved the Sheriffs Life.

On Saturday evening when sheriff Brungart was going the rounds in locking the cell doors at the jail he was attacked by Chas. Stiles and had the Sheriff not been notified of the intended crime which this villian had in mind he would have been brained.

Stiles, is the man who assaulted a Mr. Roan at Philipsburg sometime ago, and after he had robbed him he placed him on the railroad track expecting the coming train to finish his fiendish act. But he was foiled, as the man was discovered before it was too late. Stiles was arrested, convicted and sentenced to four years and four months in the Western Penitentiary at Pittsburg.

His intended crime of Saturday evening was a long premeditated one, and he took Harry Brown into his confidence which was a good thing, and told him all about it. He made a dummy and put it in his cot, and filed an iron bar from his cell window. He then went down stairs and hid in some dark secluded place where he could not be seen. The sheriff was making his usual evening rounds and when he came to Stiles cell he saw the dummy in bed and thinking it was Stiles, he went on to Browns cell, where he was told to watchout as his life was in danger, that Stiles was waiting for him at the bottom of the stairs. And sure enough here was this villian waiting until he could get a good chance and then he would have committed his dastardly crime. His idea was to brain the Sheriff take the keys to the jail door and make his escape. He was taken to the penitentiary Monday afternoon.

A Letter of Thanks.

CENTRE HALL, Pa. Nov. 29. 1901.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.

In connection with the recent illness and death of my son we received so much sympathy and help of various kinds from so many citizens, some of whom are unknown to us by name, that it is impossible to express our thanks personally. Hence I beg leave to make known through your columns our great gratitude and appreciation of this exceeding great kindness which touches us all the more tenderly because we are comparative strangers to the people of Bellefonte.

W. H. SCHUYLER.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Miss Lulu Smith is visiting friends in Tyrone.

Christy Smith transacted business in Tyrone Monday.

Jerome Harper was a guest of Tyrone friends last week.

Col. Edward J. Pruner, of Tyrone, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

Mr. Arthur Plummer spent Sunday with his parents in Altoona.

Col. Wilbur F. Reeder departed for Philadelphia Thursday evening.

Miss Grace Barlett left Saturday afternoon for Altoona to visit friends.

A familiar visitor in town Saturday was Postmaster Bricker of Boalsburg.

Mr. John Rine, of Tyrone, spent Sunday with his family in Bellefonte.

Landlord Foster of the University Inn, State College, was in Bellefonte Saturday.

Robert T. Morris spent Thanksgiving at the parental home in Tyrone.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Overly returned home Monday afternoon from their bridal tour.

Roger T. Bayard and Charlie Flack spent Thanksgiving day at Tyrone and Altoona.

M. B. Oparman, of Bellefonte, is visiting among Tyrone friends says the *Herald* of that place.

Mrs. M. H. Wilson, and Miss Blanche Hays left Monday morning to spend several days in Philadelphia.

C. C. Bell, one of the instructors at the Huntingdon Reformatory, was an arrival in Bellefonte Friday afternoon.

Miss Emily Alexander, of Tyrone, spent Thanksgiving day with her father, Dr. J. F. Alexander at Centre Hall.

Miss Kate S. Davis, instructor in modern languages and history at the Academy spent Thanksgiving at her home in Milton.

Miss Louise Armor of Bellefonte, returning home from a short stay in Pittsburg, is with Tyrone friends for a few days.

William K. Harris, of Lock Haven, returned home Saturday after a pleasant visit with his friend Charlie Anderson of this place.

J. Will Kipe, of Philadelphia, who is quite well known here has accepted the position of night clerk at the Ward House Tyrone.

Ward Fleming, who is a student at Haverford College, spent his Thanksgiving vacation at his parents home on North Penn street.

Thomas F. Seixas, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday in Bellefonte at the home of his father-in-law Charles Smith on East Bishop street.

John and Richard Hoffer, of Philipsburg, are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Gerberich, of North Thomas street.

William S. Furst, of Philadelphia, was in town Thursday to enjoy his Thanksgiving dinner with his parents, Hon. and Mrs. A. O. Furst.

Mr. John Brachbill, of Williamsport, spent Thanksgiving and the remainder of the week very pleasantly with his mother on Howard street.

Thos. H. Hill, of Philadelphia, arrived in Bellefonte Saturday for a short visit with his brothers-in-law, Charles and Edward Richard.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas King Morris, of Tyrone, spent Thanksgiving with the latter's parents, Hon. and Mrs. P. Gray Meek, in this place.

Miss Mildred Meek and her brother, Ralph, of Tyrone, spent Thanksgiving at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Homan at Centre Hall.

Mrs. James H. Holmes Jr., of State College, spent several days of the past week in Bellefonte as the guest of Mr and Mrs. Charles W. Tripple.

Mrs. George B. Brandon, and little daughter, Winifred of Carlisle, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Krider, on Bishop street,

W. B. Gill, of Pittsburg, an official of the Standard Scale Company, spent Sunday in Bellefonte, a guest of Messrs. William and Edgar Burnside.

Mrs. Ella Salteman and her daughter, Miss Jessie, spent Thanksgiving Day in Bellefonte with Mrs. Salteman's brother, former Governor Hastings and family.

Harris Cook, who is employed in the Pennsylvania Railroad shops at Altoona, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Cook, of North Spring St.

Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Coolidge, of Scranton, and their two children, Grace and Karl, were Thanksgiving Day guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Schaeffer on East Curtin St.

Thomas J. Sexton Esq. returned Monday afternoon from an extended trip through the states. Legal business called him to Seattle, Washington, where he has been for the last six weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Mitchell, Miss Lide Thomas, J. Thomas Mitchell Esq., and Malcolm Mitchell went to Penna Furnace to spend Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. John Porter Lyon at "Hearts Ease."

Mr. and Mrs. W. Harrison Walker returned Monday from Williamsport, where Mr. Walker delivered the annual memorial address Sunday afternoon to the Sunbury, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Renovo Lodges of Elks.

How Do You Know

those baking powders are made from alum?

Their lower price, their unfamiliar names, generally betray them.

But it is not necessary for you to know. You know that Royal *does not* contain alum, that it makes the best food, that it is pure and healthful. You know that alum powders are unhealthful. This knowledge is sufficient to enable you to protect yourself and your family from alum baking powders and the evil results which are certain to follow their use.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

W. R. Gaint[illegible] Mill Ha[illegible]

John [illegible] Harris[illegible] was an Altoona visitor Monday.

Mrs. A[illegible] of Tyrone spent Tuesday with friends in Bellefonte.

Mr. John A. Dorey and wife of Romola were Bellefonte visitors Tuesday.

Mr. Wm. Fisher of Boalsburg, was a Bellefonte visitor on Monday.

Captain Hugh S. Taylor, transacted business in Tyrone Tuesday.

Ellis L. Orvis, Esq, arrived home Tuesday morning from a business trip west.

Rev. J. T. Askew of the A. M. E. church transacted business in Altoona Tuesday.

Col. and Mrs. Fred Reynolds, returned Tuesday morning from Lancaster and New York city.

Mrs. Thomas Jennings left for her home in Mannington, Virginia on Sunday afternoon.

Ex-Gov. D. H. Hastings and Col J. L. Spangler were passengers west on Monday afternoon.

J. C. Meyer, Esq, transacted important business at the State Department in Harrisburg Tuesday.

President James P. Coburn, of the First National bank, returned home from Akron, Ohio, Tuesday night.

Mr. Samuel Harpster, one of the jolliest farmers of Ferguson Twp., is transacting business in Bellefonte this week.

Col. Wilbur F. Reeder, Joseph Kelleher, and Hon. John G. Love were Tyrone visitors on Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. F. H. Thomas, Supt., of the Bellefonte Central Railroad is transacting business in Lancaster and Philadelphia this week.

Mrs, Jesse Cox, accompanied by her niece Miss Jennie Koontz, attended the funeral Tuesday of Miss Della Cox at Altoona.

Miss Mame Hicks left Wednesday for a week's stay at her old home at Berwick. She was accompanied by Mr. Howard Teaman.

Dr. W. J. Ickes, of Tyrone one of the Medical Examiners of the Pennsylvania R. R. company was a business visitor in Bellefonte Tuesday.

J. H. Sands returned Tuesday morning from Lock Haven, where he attended the funeral Monday afternoon, of his niece Mrs. Frederick Winner.

Miss Mary Lebkicker, of Tyrone who has been a guest of Miss Carrie Anderson and other friends in Bellefonte for the past week, returned home Tuesday morning.

Presiding Elder Benjamin D. Wheeler, of the A. M. E. church after attending quarterly conference at this place on Monday returned to his home at Pittsburg Tuesday.

Mrs. Morris Monash, who has been a guest at the Bush House and at her parents home Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Baum, returned Tuesday morning to her home in New York City.

Miss Nellie Rine, daughter of Supt. Samuel Rine attended the funeral of her friend the late Miss Emma Stephens at Bellwood on Sunday. She returned home Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Larimer had for their Thanksgiving guests Mr. and Mrs. Lee Larimer, of Jersey Shore, and Walter Chambers, of DuBois, who is a student at State College. The entire party was entertained at dinner by Mr. and Mrs. Rush G. Larimer.

Miss Rebecca N. Rhoads left Tuesday to spend the winter in Philadelphia, New York and Washington. She expects to spend the month of December with her brother Joseph, who resides in Tacony, after which she will take in the sights of New York and our Nation's capitol, returned home about the first of April next.

Thomas A. [illegible]oemaker spent Thanksgiving Day at his home in this place. He has extensive contracts in Somersett and Fayette counties and Baltimore, Md., which keep him away from home most of the time.

William Longwell, of Manassas, Va., spent last week visiting his mother, Mrs. Anna M. Longwell, of North Spring street. Will left here about seventeen years ago and his visits home have not been very frequent,

OUR BORO FATHERS.

Held Regular Semi-Monthly Session of Council Monday Night.

Council met Monday evening at 7:30 with President Gerberich presiding and the following members present: Walkey, Garrity, Cunningham, Whittaker and Potter.

Supt. Ryan, of the Water department, reported the bad condition of Spring Creek below the big Spring. The moss has grown so thick that dirt etc., gathers there and backs the water up against the water wheel at the water works. It also throws off an offensive odor. Referred to Nuisance committee with power to act,

Col. George A. Bayard notified council through his attorney, W. E. Gray, that unless his bill for paving Diamond was paid within five days suit would be brought against the boro.

The Central Railroad company have agreed to repair Railroad siding on Lamb street or take up same within a short time.

The water committee reported everything in good order at water works except water wheel which needs repairing. Fire plugs have been repaired all over town and put in the best possible condition for winter.

Fire and Police committee reported fire at John Pacini's house on North Thomas street occupied by Mrs. Rebecca Bickle. But for prompt work of fire department all of that section of town would surely have been destroyed.

The report of the Finance committee was as follows:

Bal in hand of Trea. Nov. 4, 1901		$ 2885.55
Rec'd of J. D. McKee W rent	6.00	
" " Samuel Ryan Supt.	8.10	
" " T. Shaughnessy mk C.	2.50	16.60
		2902.15
Boro Orders Paid	$2291.49	
Water " "	393.14	2684.63
Bal in hands of Trea. Dec. 2 1901		$217.52

The claim of Col George A. Bayard for street paving was referred to boro solicitor.

The salary of the night fireman at the water works was raised from $1.25 to $1.50 per night.

The following bills were approved and orders drawn:

Police Pay Roll	$50.00
R. B. Taylor, coal for W. W.	89.89
Water Pay Roll	79.75
Hogarth & Hoffman, boiler tubes	7.70
W. H. Miller, spouting etc	1.48
E. E. Ill Co. light for W. W.	1.70
E. E. Ill Co. light for Public buildings	12.00
Board of Health	3.00
E. E. Ill. Co. light for streets	361.40
McCalmont & Co., stone screenings	98
Street pay Roll	44.44
	$652.29

Editor of the REPUBLICAN:—

Will you kindly grant a small space in your columns to say that the Centre County Bible Society furnishes the books of the American Bible Society at cost and freely to any who cannot buy. Samples can be seen and orders left at the office of the Y. M. C. A. Building, Bellefonte.

Also sample of the Oxford University Press, the best made Bible in the world; nothing more valuable for Holiday present.

R. CRITTENDEN, Depository.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.